

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Joan Andel, CPA Finance Director

Joseph R. Pace City Manager

Issued By: Finance Department

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended September 30, 2021

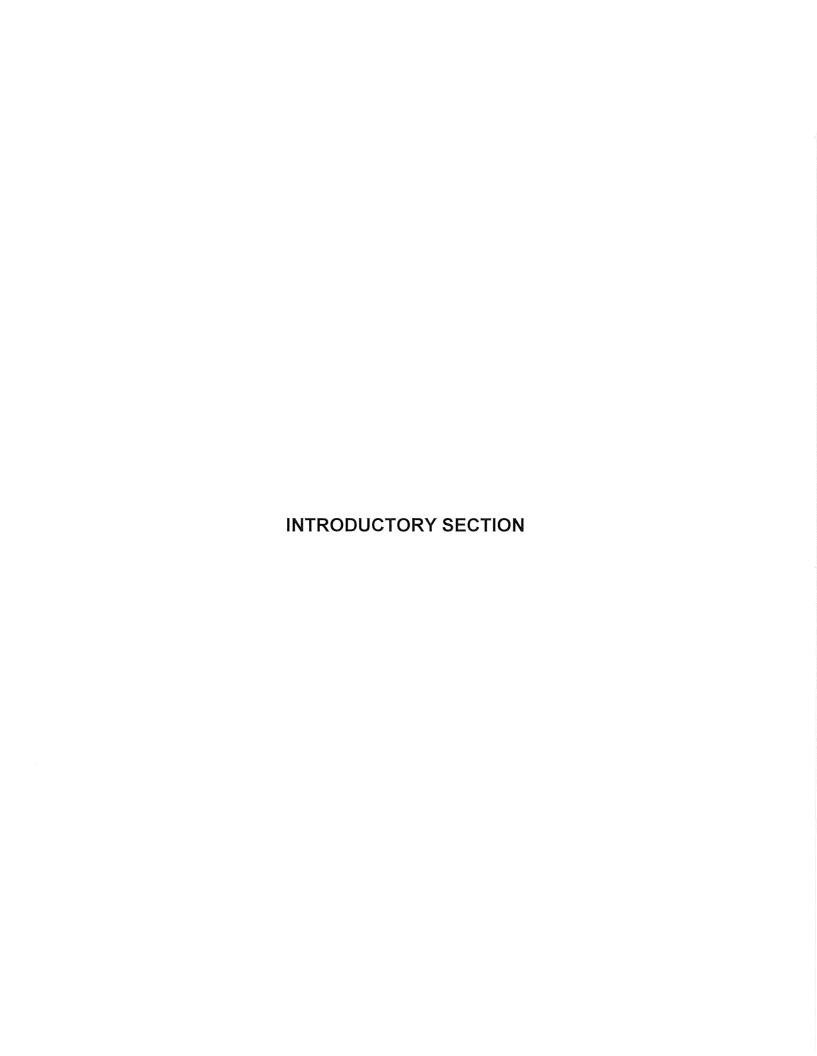
TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
INTRO	DDUCTORY SECTION	
	City Administrators' Letter of Transmittal	
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
	Organizational Chart	
	Directory of Principal Officials	VII
FINAN	ICIAL SECTION	
lı	ndependent Auditors' Report	1
N	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
<u>E</u>	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
	Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Activities	19
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	21
	Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	23
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	20
	Governmental Funds	24
	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
	and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	26
	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	27
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
	Notes to Financial Statements	
		00
<u>F</u>	Required Supplementary Information	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
	Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	74
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
	Texas Municipal Retirement System - Pension	75
	Schedule of Employer Contributions Texas Municipal Retirement System - Pension	77
	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	11
	Texas Municipal Retirement System - Supplemental Death Benefit	79
	Schedule of Employer Contributions	
	Texas Municipal Retirement System - Supplemental Death Benefit	
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	83

FINANCIAL SECTION - (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Governmental Funds	
Combining Statements	0.5
Combining Balance Sheet - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	85
Fund Balances - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	86
Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	90
Capital Project Funds	92
Combining Statements	
Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	93
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	95
Individual Statements and Schedules General Fund	07
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	97
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	Q8
Debt Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	100
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	101
STATISTICAL SECTION	102
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	103
Changes in Net Position	105
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	109
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	111
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	113

ATISTICAL SECTION - (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	114
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	116
Principal Property Taxpayers (Unaudited)	117
Property Tax Levies and Collections	118
Water Produced and Consumed and Wastewater Treated	120
Water and Sewer Rates	122
Ten Largest Water Customers (Unaudited)	124
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	125
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	127
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited)	129
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	130
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited)	131
Principal Employers (Unaudited)	132
Operating Information	
Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	133
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	135
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	137

	Page
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	139
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	141
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	143
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	147
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	148
Schedule of Status of Prior Audit Findings	149





City of Wharton

120 E. Caney Street ° Wharton, TX 77488 Phone (979) 532-2491° Fax (979) 532-0181

May 9, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Wharton, Texas

INTRODUCTION

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Wharton, Texas, hereafter referred to as the "City", for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is hereby submitted. It is published to provide to the City Council, to representatives of financial institutions, and to our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City government. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

CITY PROFILE

As an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, governed by an elected Mayor and Council, the City is considered a primary government operating under a home-rule Council-Manager form of government.

The Council appoints many residents, who have volunteered their expertise, experience, and time to serve on various boards and commissions. These boards and commissions make recommendations relative to special projects.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These services include police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets and drainage systems; and cultural and recreation activities. In addition to general government activities, the City exercises authority over a water and wastewater system, sanitation services, emergency medical services, the civic center, and a municipal airport. These activities of the City are all included in this report as part of the primary government.

The Wharton Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) is also reported herein as a discretely presented component unit of the City based upon standards established by the GASB (see Note 1 to the financial statements). WEDC was created by the City under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting, and enhancing economic and related development activities on behalf of the City.

The Honorable Mayor,
Members of the City Council, and
Citizens of the City of Wharton, Texas

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City is located fifty-five miles southwest of Houston on the edge of the Houston Statistical Metropolitan Service Area (SMSA) with a population of 8,627. This proximity to Houston appeals to both domestic and foreign industry. The City is located on U.S. Highway 59 that ties the United States to Mexico and is currently being converted to an Interstate 69 highway that will link Mexico to Canada.

The industrial base within the City is anchored by Nan Ya Plastics and JM Manufacturing. These plants, which employ approximately 379 people, are the largest property taxpayers in the City, with combined assessed valuations of approximately \$69 million. Also, as part of the industrial base, the City has created two industrial districts that within their boundary is a 1,597 mega-watt natural gas electric generating plant. The districts currently have a value estimated at \$533,638,467. The industrial district is a major revenue source for the City's General Fund.

The City also has a developing retail area located at the intersection of U.S. Highway 59 and Farm to Market 102. The area has a Buc-ee's, Wal-Mart, restaurants and retail shopping outlet.

The City is also credited with a large agricultural base providing rice, corn, cotton, and other agricultural products. Wharton County has long been known as the top rice-producing county in the United States.

These four industries provide the City with a solid diverse economic base to support government activities and local citizens. The City, along with WEDC, is actively engaged in the promotion of economic development.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

During the 2021 fiscal year, the City's most important initiative continues to be to provide flood reduction improvements in the City. The United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) has secured funding for the construction phase of the flood reduction project which is approximately \$74 million. Construction plans for Phase I of the project have been developed by Halff & Associates Engineers engaged by USACE. The City will be responsible for all maintenance and costs associated with the levee for all future years and must plan accordingly in order to comply with USACE standards which will be in force. Currently the City has acquired ninety (90) percent of the area and has relocated homeowners for this project. Phase II of this project is currently in the preliminary design stage.

As part of the City's flood reduction initiative, the City has received approval of its application to participate in the National Flood Insurance Program's (NFIP) Community Rating System (CRS). The CRS not only provides insurance premium rate reductions for communities that enact regulatory floodplain standards that are higher than the minimum NFIP requirements, but through these higher standards CRS helps protect property and people from potential flooding within the City.

Another major initiative within the City is the FM 1301 Extension and Overpass Project. The City has completed the final design of the overpass project. TxDOT and the City are working together on this project through an advance funding agreement. The City engaged IDCUS, Inc., an engineering firm to develop plans and specifications for this project. The City has obtained funding for this important project and is currently acquiring property for this project.

The Honorable Mayor,
Members of the City Council, and
Citizens of the City of Wharton, Texas

The following initiative is still in progress with the remainder of the 2011 issuance of bonds:

Farm to Market 1301 Relocation and Railroad Overpass Project.

The following initiates are still in progress with the remainder of the 2019 bond issuance:

- Water line improvements
- Wastewater plant improvements
- Civic Center improvements
- City Hall improvements

The utility cost reduction measures are still in progress with the 2015 issuance of the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds.

The City has obtained funding through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) to proceed on the construction of a new water well plant. The final design of the water well plant has been completed. The City has also completed and implemented a fifty (50) year sustainable drinking water supply plan.

Housing continues to also be an initiative that the City is concentrating on through the use of grant funding, State of Texas agencies and private and non-profit organizations. It is imperative to have adequate housing for the City in order to promote growth, quality of life and sustainability.

The City has made a significant investment in the employees and continues to motivate them to provide excellent customer service to the level that our citizens deserve.

All of the initiatives above, along with the efforts of the WEDC, will help to develop existing businesses and attract new businesses to the City and play a key role in the City's future development.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION, MANAGEMENT, AND CONTROL

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP as prescribed by the GASB.

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. In addition, the system is designed to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted government accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

The City maintains effective budgeting controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget, City Charter, and State law.

The City maintains a General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Project Funds, and Enterprise Funds. The General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget and are reported in the attached audit document. City Council approves the budget appropriations and any amendments at the department level within the budgeted funds. The department heads have discretion over line items within the departmental budget.

The Honorable Mayor,
Members of the City Council, and
Citizens of the City of Wharton, Texas

Budgetary control is exercised generally by the Director of Finance and specifically at the department level by the department heads

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

This report is prepared in compliance with the legal requirement set forth by Section 31 of the Charter of the City of Wharton, Texas, as amended In addition to fulfilling this legal requirement, this report serves to fully disclose financial data on an annual basis to management, the elected City Council and Mayor, the public, investors, and other interested persons. The firm of Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, L L P, Certified Public Accountants, was engaged by the City to satisfy this requirement.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting the report to GFOA to determine its eligibility for an additional certificate

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department of the City. We would also like to express our appreciation to the Mayor and the City Council Members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the government in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully,

Joseph R Pace City Manager Joan Andel, CPA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wharton Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

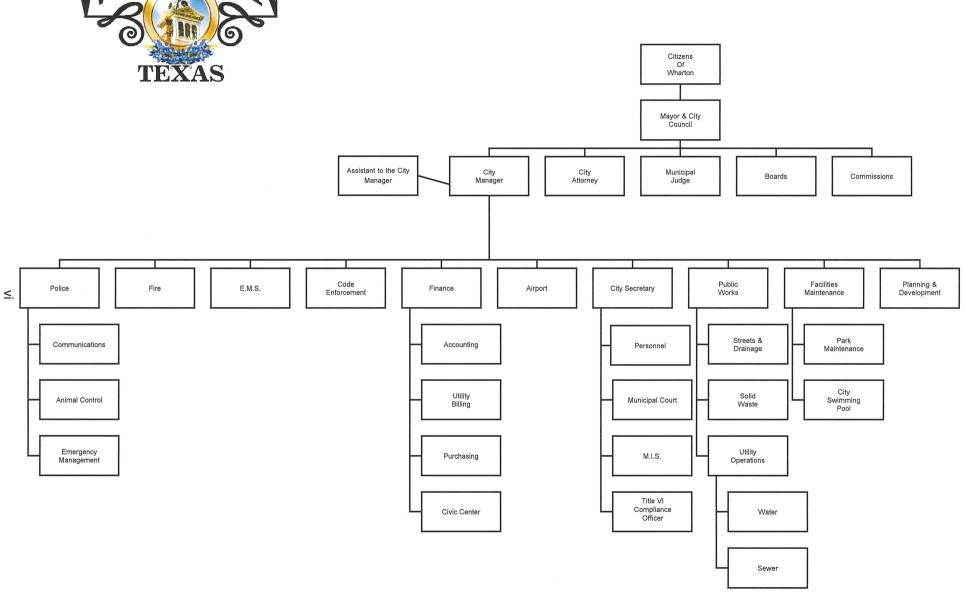
September 30, 2020

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



Organizational Chart



CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2021

Elected Officials

Tim Barker Mayor

Clifford Jackson Council Member District 1

Steven Schneider Council Member District 2

Terry Freese Council Member District 3

Donald Mueller Council Member District 4

Russell Machann Council Member At Large Place 5

Alice Heard-Roberts Council Member At Large Place 6

Appointed Officials

Joseph R. Pace City Manager

Paul Webb City Attorney

Jared Culler Municipal Judge

Joan Andel, CPA Finance Director

Department Heads

Paula Favors City Secretary

Terry Lynch Police Chief

Anthony Abbott Volunteer Fire Chief

Ronnie Bollom Building Official

Anthony Arcidiacono Public Works Director

Christy Gonzales E.M.S. Director

Robert Baker Facilities Maintenance Director

Makyla Monroe Community Services Director

Stephen Johnson Emergency Management Coordinator

David Allen Airport Manager



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142 STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA
DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA
ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA
CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA
ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA
MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wharton, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Wharton Economic Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and the schedules of employer contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 9, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.

Harrison, Waldrop & Uherk, UP

Certified Public Accountants

May 9, 2022

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of the City of Wharton's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, by \$29,399,251. Of this amount, \$4,088,599 of unrestricted net position is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total cost of all City activities was \$16,917,257 for the fiscal year. The net expense was \$2,535,717.
- During the year, the City's general revenues exceeded net expenses of the governmental activities by \$3,303,378. This represents a 32% increase in net position from the previous fiscal year as a result of operations.
- At September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,836,646, a net increase of \$15,275,202 in comparison with prior year. The overall net increase in fund balance was mainly due to the \$14,658,748 increase in the FM 1301 Project Fund as a result of the issuance of the Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation in fiscal year 2021, as well as the \$945,831 increase in the 2020 Tax Notes Fund as a result of the issuance of the Series 2021 Tax Notes.
- At September 30, 2021, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,584,355 or 35% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's outstanding debt for governmental and business-type activities had a net increase of \$16,939,745 or 81% from the prior year, due mainly to the issuance of debt previously mentioned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

Independent Auditors' Report

Provides the opinion of the Independent Auditors on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This supplementary information is required for state and local government financial statements and is intended to provide a narrative introduction and analysis.

Pages 4 to 16

Government-wide Financial Statements

Provides information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government.

Pages 17 to 20

Fund Financial Statements

Provides information on the financial position of specific funds of the primary governments.

Pages 21 to 34

Notes to Financial Statements

Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures.

Pages 35 to 73

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during fiscal year 2021. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, cultural and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater services, solid waste disposal, emergency medical services, civic center, and airport operations. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also the component unit, Wharton Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). The component unit is not included as part of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, 2019 Bond Construction Fund, 2019 Tax Notes Fund, 2020 Tax Notes Fund, and the FM 1301 Project Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules following the required supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General and Debt Service Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements may be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

The City maintains one type of *proprietary fund* known as enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to water and wastewater services, solid waste disposal, emergency medical services, civic center operations, and airport operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and wastewater services, solid waste disposal, emergency medical services, civic center operations, and airport operations which are all considered to be major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 35 through 73 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information is included which presents a budgetary comparison schedule for the City's General Fund and historical pension and OPEB benefits information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74 through 84 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 85 through 101 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$29,399,251 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

City of Wharton, Texas

Net Position

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activities			vities	Total		
	2021	2020*	2021	2021 2020		2020*	
Current assets	\$ 21,162,909	\$ 6,385,300	\$ 4,771,862	\$ 4,017,536	\$ 25,934,771	\$ 10,402,836	
Capital assets (net)	22,920,109	17,391,345	21,626,697	20,708,265	44,546,806	38,099,610	
Other noncurrent assets	500,528	430,000	(220,975)	(430,000)	279,553		
Total assets	44,583,546	24,206,645	26,177,584	24,295,801	70,761,130	48,502,446	
Total deferred out-							
flows of resources	331,581	325,557	65,807	74,243	397,388	399,800	
Current and other liabilities	3,188,751	2,831,539	2,287,468	1,642,403	5,476,219	4,473,942	
Noncurrent liabilities	27,707,447	10,965,176	7,744,224	7,896,197	35,451,671	18,861,373	
Total liabilities	30,896,198	13,796,715	10,031,692	9,538,600	40,927,890	23,335,315	
Total deferred in-							
flows of resources	486,179	506,115	345,198	357,942	831,377	864,057	
Net Position:							
Net investment							
in capital assets	10,035,006	8,425,981	14,674,540	14,956,280	24,709,546	23,382,261	
Restricted	601,106	767,053	-	-	601,106	767,053	
Unrestricted	2,896,638	1,036,338	1,191,961	(482,778)	4,088,599	553,560	
Total net position	\$ 13,532,750	\$ 10,229,372	\$ 15,866,501	\$ 14,473,502	\$ 29,399,251	\$ 24,702,874	

^{*2020} net position has been restated. See Note 16 of this report.

The largest portion of the City's net position (84%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, streets, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City has restricted net position of \$601,106 for debt service and for special projects related to culture and recreation, municipal court, and public safety. The remaining balance of \$4,088,599 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Wharton, Texas Changes in Net Position

		Cha	inges in	net	Position						
	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			Total			
	2021	2	2020*		2021 2020			2021		2020*	
REVENUES				_		_					
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 430,341	\$	498,338	\$	7,713,327	\$	6,980,894	\$	8,143,668	\$	7,479,232
Operating grants and											
contributions	1,048,426		959,479		1,824,512		1,893,693		2,872,938		2,853,172
Capital grants and											
contributions	3,248,651		384,221		116,283		-		3,364,934		384,221
General revenues:											
Property taxes	2,233,757		2,211,395		-		-		2,233,757		2,211,395
Sales taxes	1,756,635		,520,302		-		-		1,756,635		1,520,302
Franchise taxes	1,112,917	1	,062,395		-		-		1,112,917		1,062,395
Other taxes	244,434		193,718		-		-		244,434		193,718
Unrestricted investment											
earnings	80,049		128,767		6,066		15,165		86,115		143,932
Industrial district payment	1,702,079	2	2,138,336		-		-		1,702,079		2,138,336
Miscellaneous	81,357		58,171		14,800		_		96,157	_	58,171
Total revenues	11,938,646		,155,122		9,674,988	_	8,889,752		21,613,634		18,044,874
EXPENSES											
General government	2,091,202	1	,370,729		-		-		2,091,202		1,370,729
Public safety	3,897,625	3	3,964,243		-		-		3,897,625		3,964,243
Public works	2,575,512	2	2,506,718		-		-		2,575,512		2,506,718
Cultural and recreation	174,013		169,331		-		-		174,013		169,331
Interest on long-term debt	699,387		364,595		-		-		699,387		364,595
Water and sewer	-		-		3,154,855		2,925,024		3,154,855		2,925,024
Solid waste	-		-		1,570,331		1,566,383		1,570,331		1,566,383
Emergency medical services	-		-		2,146,602		2,236,471		2,146,602		2,236,471
Civic center	-		-		279,505		269,692		279,505		269,692
Airport					328,225	_	336,682	_	328,225		336,682
Total expenses	9,437,739	8	3,375,616		7,479,518		7,334,252		16,917,257		15,709,868
Change in net position before											
transfers	2,500,907		779,506		2,195,470		1,555,500		4,696,377		2,335,006
Transfers	802,471		942,268		(802,471)		(942,268)				-
Change in net position	3,303,378		,721,774		1,392,999		613,232	_	4,696,377		2,335,006
•			3,507,598		14,473,502		13,860,270		24,702,874		2,355,000
Net position - October 1	10,229,372		,,007,000	_	17,473,302	_	13,000,270	_	27,102,014		22,301,000
Net position - September 30	\$ 13,532,750	<u>\$ 10</u>),229,372	\$	15,866,501	\$	14,473,502	\$	29,399,251	\$	24,702,874

^{*2020} net position has been restated. See Note 16 of this report.

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,303,378 which was mainly due to the increase in capital grants and contributions from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) for the flood reduction project. There was a net increase of \$1,392,999 in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities. This increase is mainly due to the increase in charges for water and sewer services, as well as an increase in capital grants and contributions from the prior year. Overall, there was a \$4,696,377 increase in the net position of the City.

Governmental Activities

Public works

Total

Cultural and recreation

Interest on long-term debt

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,303,378. Key elements of this net increase are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$2,864,430 or 746% from prior year, primarily due to the receipt of funds from the USACE for the flood reduction project.
- Sales tax revenues increased by \$236,333 or 16% from prior year due to increased activity post COVID-19.
- Industrial district payment decreased \$436,257 or 20% from prior year.
- General government expenses increased by \$720,473 or 53% from prior year primarily due to increased expense activity relating to housing grants.
- Interest on long-term debt increased by \$334,791or 92% from prior year due to the issuance of both the Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation and the Series 2021 Tax Notes during fiscal year 2021.
- Net transfers in decreased \$139,797 or 15% from prior year.

2,575,512

174,013

699,387

\$ 9,437,739

City of Wharton, Texas									
Expense	s and Program I	Revenues -	Governmental	Activities					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	% of Total	Revenues	% of Total	Net (Expense) Revenue				
General government Public safety	\$ 2,091,202 3,897,625	22.16% 41.30%	\$ 1,226,040 180,616	25.93% 3.82%	\$ (865,162) (3,717,009)				

27.29%

1.84%

7.41%

<u>100.00%</u> \$ 4,727,418

3,320,662

100

70.25%

0.00%

0.00%

100.00% \$ (4,710,321)

745,150

(173,913)

(699,387)

Governmental Activities - (Continued)

City of Wharton, Texas

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

Description	Revenues	% of Total
Charges for services	\$ 430,341	3.38%
Operating grants and		
contributions	1,048,426	8.23%
Capital grants and		
contributions	3,248,651	25.50%
Property taxes	2,233,757	17.53%
Sales taxes	1,756,635	13.79%
Franchise taxes	1,112,917	8.73%
Other taxes	244,434	1.92%
Unrestricted investment earnings	80,049	0.63%
Industrial district payment	1,702,079	13.35%
Miscellaneous	81,357	0.64%
Transfers	802,471	<u>6.30%</u>
	\$12,741,117	<u>100.00%</u>

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,392,999. Key elements of this net increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$732,433 or 10% from the prior year, primarily due to a 10% increase
 in water and sewer rates.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$116,283 from the prior year, primarily due to additional EMS grants.
- Water and sewer expenses increased \$229,831 or 8% from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in other services and charges relating to plan fees and sewer utility charges, as well as an increase in repairs and maintenance.
- Emergency medical services expenses decreased \$89,869 or 4% from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in personnel expense.
- Net transfers out decreased \$139,797 or 15% from prior year.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> - (Continued)

City of Wharton, Texas

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Functions/Programs	Expenses	% of Total	Revenues	% of Total	et (Expense) Revenue
Water and sewer	\$ 3,154,855	42.17%	\$ 5,140,603	53.24%	\$ 1,985,748
Solid waste	1,570,331	21.00%	1,544,429	16.00%	(25,902)
Emergency medical services	2,146,602	28.70%	2,644,914	27.40%	498,312
Civic center	279,505	3.74%	59,820	0.62%	(219,685)
Airport	328,225	<u>4.39%</u>	264,356	<u>2.74%</u>	 (63,869)
Total	<u>\$ 7,479,518</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	\$ 9,654,122	<u>100.00%</u>	\$ 2,174,604

City of Wharton, Texas

Revenues by Source - Business-type Acitivities

	_	% of
Description	 Revenues	Total
Charges for services	\$ 7,713,327	86.94%
Operating grants and contributions	1,824,512	20.56%
Capital grants and contributions	116,283	1.31%
Unrestricted investment earnings	6,066	0.07%
Miscellaneous	14,800	0.17%
Transfers	 (802,471)	<u>-9.05%</u>
	\$ 8,872,517	<u>100.00%</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,836,646, an increase of \$15,275,202 in comparison with prior year. The General Fund ended the fiscal year with an increase of \$215,352, the Debt Service Fund decreased \$150,546, the 2019 Bond Construction Fund increased \$3,256, the 2019 Tax Notes Fund increased \$508,735, the 2020 Tax Notes Fund increased \$945,831, and the FM 1301 Project Fund increased \$14,658,748.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2021, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,584,355, while total fund balance was \$2,925,251. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 35% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 40% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased \$215,352 during the current fiscal year. The factors related to the increase included a \$349,790 increase in intergovernmental revenues related to Coronavirus and FEMA grants, and a \$236,333 increase in sales tax revenues. The 2019 Tax Notes Fund experienced a decrease in fund balance during fiscal year 2021 due to the spending of debt proceeds for capital projects. The 2020 Tax Notes Fund and the FM 1301 Project Fund experienced increases in fund balance during fiscal year 2021 due to the issuance of the Series 2021 Tax Notes and the Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to:

Fund	 restricted et Position
Water and sewer Solid waste	\$ 707,141 (85,009)
Emergency medical services	463,102
Civic center	(61,767)
Airport	 168,494
	\$ 1,191,961

This represents an increase of \$1,674,739 from the prior year unrestricted net position balances. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the fiscal year 2021 General Fund original budget and fiscal year 2021 General Fund final amended budget were an increase in revenues of \$563,941, an increase in expenditures of \$563,641, and a decrease in other financing sources (uses) of \$300. A few of the differences are briefly summarized as follows:

- A decrease of \$231,425 in tax revenue primarily due to a reduction in property taxes received.
- An increase in sales tax of \$206,116 of additional tax received.
- A decrease in fine and forfeitures of \$75,000 was attributed to a reduction in fines and criminal traffic fees and related administrative fees.
- An increase in intergovernmental revenue of \$664,150 for housing projects which were not known at time of original budget.
- An increase in city secretary department of \$32,290 for expenditures attributed to wage increases.
- A decrease in legal department of \$19,500 due to less legal expenditures incurred.
- An increase in central services department of \$59,500 for COVID-19 related expenditures.
- A decrease of \$140,963 in police department attributed to salary decrease due to available positions not being replaced.
- An increase of \$42,780 in streets and drainage department for additional street and equipment maintenance.
- An increase in grant department expenditures of \$587,187 due to non-budgeting. At the time of the original budget calculation, there was uncertainty as to whether grants were going to be available.

For fiscal year 2021, the General Fund's actual revenues were \$126,207 more than the final amended budget, and actual expenditures were \$101,917 less than the final amended budget. The most significant variance between the General Fund's actual revenues compared to the final amended budget was a positive variance in tax revenue of \$118,893, primarily attributed to additional sales and franchise tax revenues. The most significant variance between the General Fund's actual expenditures compared to the final amended budget was that public safety expenditures were less than budget by \$80,421. The primary factors driving this variance related to a \$31,023 difference in police department expenditures due to declines in personnel and operational expenditures, as well as a \$20,190 difference in fire department expenditures due to decline in personnel and operational expenditures. Grants expenditures were over budget by \$88,483 due to unexpected grants not budgeted. For all other departments within general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation, actual expenditures were less than final amended budget primarily due to declines in personnel and operational expenditures.

Additional budget information can be found in the General Fund budget comparison schedule on page 74.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$44,546,806 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, machinery and equipment, buildings, infrastructure, and water and wastewater distribution system. The total net increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 17% (a 32% increase for governmental activities and a 4% increase for business-type activities).

City of Wharton, Texas

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total		
	2021	2020*	2021	2020	2021	2020*	
Land	\$ 5,379,954	\$ 1,716,654	\$ 319,093	\$ 319,093	\$ 5,699,047	\$ 2,035,747	
Construction in progress	5,313,263	3,467,803	1,624,815	960,781	6,938,078	4,428,584	
Machinery and equipment	2,078,934	2,277,191	1,086,389	842,867	3,165,323	3,120,058	
Land improvements	-		970,881	951,002	970,881	951,002	
Bldgs. and improvements	2,567,078	2,620,847	4,848,576	4,509,243	7,415,654	7,130,090	
Infrastructure	7,580,880	7,308,850	-	-	7,580,880	7,308,850	
Water and sewer system			12,776,943	13,125,279	12,776,943	13,125,279	
Total	\$ 22,920,109	\$ 17,391,345	\$ 21,626,697	\$ 20,708,265	\$ 44,546,806	\$ 38,099,610	

^{*2020} balances have been restated. See Note 16 of this report.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The additions to the governmental activities capital assets during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:
 - Land additions of \$3,663,300 relating to property acquired for the flood reduction project.
 - o Infrastructure additions include street improvement projects in the amount of \$699,914.
 - o Construction in progress of \$5,313,263 primarily includes \$4,655,334 for the flood reduction project, as well as drainage and street improvements, projects paid for from the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds, and various other items.
 - o Machinery and equipment additions include the following: police vehicles and equipment, radio amplifiers for the fire department, maintenance equipment, and various other items.
 - o Buildings improvement additions include improvements to various park buildings.
- The additions to the business-type activities capital assets during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:
 - Projects in progress at September 30, 2021 include the following: Water and sewer projects of \$952,432 and projects paid for from the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds of \$672,383.
 - o Completion of Airport hangar improvements of \$172,295 and airport driveway repair of \$43,100.
 - Various equipment additions include airport and civic center A/C systems, an EMS vehicle, as well as miscellaneous EMS and water and sewer equipment.
 - Building improvements include \$328,897 of renovations to the Civic Center building.
 - Utility system improvements of \$186,524, including rework of a water well.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - (Continued)

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$31,314,949 (net of unamortized deferred amounts) of which 100% is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. In addition, the City had outstanding \$534,000 in revenue bonds, \$5,460,000 in tax notes, \$358,350 in OPEB liability, \$279,553 in net pension liability (asset), and \$384,893 in compensated absences as of September 30, 2021.

City of Wharton, Texas						
Long-term Debt						
	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total			
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,848,215	\$ 1,236,785	\$ 6,085,000			
Issuance premiums	621,731	348,999	970,730			
Certificates of obligation	18,135,952	5,084,048	23,220,000			
Revenue bonds	-	534,000	534,000			
Qualified energy cons. bonds	291,605	747,614	1,039,219			
Tax notes	5,280,800	179,200	5,460,000			
OPEB liability	218,594	139,756	358,350			
Net pension liability (asset)	(170,528)	(109,025)	(279,553)			
Compensated absences	263,279	121,614	384,893			
Total	\$29,489,648	\$ 8,282,991	\$ 37,772,639			

The City's total outstanding debt increased by \$16,939,745 or 81% from the prior fiscal year. The key factors in this net increase were:

- Issuance of Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$15,000,000.
- Issuance of Series 2021 Tax Notes in the amount of \$5,105,000, with \$1,000,000 draw remaining as of September 30, 2021.
- Issuance of Series 2021 Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$4,872,000, with \$4,338,000 unredeemed as of September 30, 2021.
- Payments made on the certificates and bonds during fiscal year 2021 totaled \$1,535,585.
- Payments made on the tax notes during fiscal year 2021 totaled \$735,000.
- Net pension liability decreased by \$368,829, resulting in a net pension asset.

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note 10 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

During the 2021 fiscal year, the City's most important initiative was to continue to provide drainage improvements, reduce flooding in the City, and infrastructure improvements. The City is currently in the acquisition and relocation phase of the FY2018 Supplemental Appropriations Act with the US Army Corp of Engineers, which was funded at 100% for a flooding solution from the Colorado River in the Wharton area. All of these projects remain a priority. The City continues to work diligently toward applying for all applicable outstanding grant opportunities that would benefit the City as well as its residents.

The following initiatives are still in progress:

- Farm to Market 1301 Extension and Railroad Overpass Project.
- Utility cost reduction measures with the 2015 issuance of the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds.
- Sustainable future drinking water supply funded through a USDA loan for a water well plant.
- Grant funding through private and non-profit organizations related to housing for the citizens.
- Drainage infrastructure improvements through grant funding.

Factors affecting the 2021-2022 General Fund budget were as follows:

- Net taxable assessed value before freeze for tax year 2021 increased by \$46,286,951 or 8.5% to approximately \$586 million.
- The top ten principal taxpayers account for 21% of total assessed valuation as compared to 24% nine years ago.
- The City's General Fund projected ending unassigned fund balance for fiscal year 2022 is to remain stable.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Finance Director, 120 East Caney, Wharton, Texas 77488.



CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

	Pr	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Wharton Economic Development Corporation
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,551,959	\$ 1,713,674	\$ 23,265,633	\$ 1,067,892
Receivables, net	495,236	890,931	1,386,167	162,274
Internal balances	(1,958,833)	1,958,833	-	-
Due from component unit	169,708	-	169,708	-
Due from other governments	893,943	77,789	971,732	-
Prepaid items	387	-	387	-
Land held for sale	-	-	-	650,000
Inventory	10,509	130,635	141,144	2,000
Total current assets	21,162,909	4,771,862	25,934,771	1,882,166
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land and other assets not being				
depreciated	10,693,217	1,943,908	12,637,125	261,456
Buildings, infrastructure, and				
equipment, net	12,226,892	19,682,789	_31,909,681	3,832
Net capital assets	22,920,109	21,626,697	44,546,806	265,288
Net pension asset	170,528	109,025	279,553	-
Noncurrent internal balances	330,000	(330,000)	, _	-
Total noncurrent assets	23,420,637	21,405,722	44,826,359	265,288
Total assets	44,583,546	26,177,584	70,761,130	2,147,454
Total assets	. 1,000,010			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding	66,177	14,188	80,365	-
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	52,655	35,559	88,214	-
Deferred outflow related to pension	212,749	16,060	228,809	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	331,581	65,807	397,388	

		Component Unit			
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total	Wharton Economic Development Corporation
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	4 4 005 00		4 070 040	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A 05.704
Accounts payable	\$ 1,005,66		, ,	\$ 2,278,511	\$ 25,791
Accrued expenditures/expenses	41,44	9	23,394	64,843	400 700
Due to primary government	20.45	-	- 0.000	-	169,708
Due to other governments	30,15		9,060	39,219	-
Deposits	1,08		249,916	250,996	-
Accrued interest payable	157,66		84,464	242,129	-
Compensated absences	26,32		12,161	38,489	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,926,40		635,631	2,562,032	405.400
Total current liabilities	3,188,75	<u>1</u> _	2,287,468	5,476,219	195,499
Noncurrent liabilities					
Compensated absences	236,95		109,453	346,404	-
OPEB liability	218,59	4	139,756	358,350	-
Noncurrent portion of long-term		_			
obligations	27,251,90		7,495,015	34,746,917	
Total noncurrent liabilities	27,707,44	<u> </u>	7,744,224	35,451,671	
Total liabilities	30,896,19	<u>8</u> _	10,031,692	40,927,890	195,499
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	10,51	4	6,568	17,082	-
Deferred inflow related to pension	475,66		338,630	814,295	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	486,17		345,198	831,377	
NET POOLTION					
NET POSITION	10 025 00	e	14674640	04 700 546	065 000
Net investment in capital assets	10,035,00	0	14,674,540	24,709,546	265,288
Restricted for:	404.60	2		404 600	
Debt service	424,63		-	424,633 76,846	-
Cultural and recreation	76,84 64,16		-	76,846 64,160	-
Municipal court	•		-	•	-
Public safety	35,46 2,896,63		- 1,191,961	35,467 4,088,599	- 1,686,667
Unrestricted net position		<u> </u>	1, 131,301	4,000,399	1,000,007
Total net position	\$ 13,532,75	<u>0</u> <u>\$</u>	15,866,501	\$29,399,251	\$ 1,951,955

			Program Revenues					
Function/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	2,091,202	\$	426,176	\$	799,864	\$	-
Public safety		3,897,625		4,065		65,312		111,239
Public works		2,575,512		-		183,250		3,137,412
Cultural and recreation		174,013		100		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		699,387				-		_
Total governmental activities		9,437,739		430,341		1,048,426		3,248,651
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer		3,154,855		5,099,320		-		41,283
Solid waste		1,570,331		1,544,429		-		_
Emergency medical services		2,146,602		790,523		1,779,391		75,000
Civic center		279,505		59,820		-		-
Airport		328,225		219,235		45,121		<u> </u>
Total business-type activities		7,479,518		7,713,327		1,824,512		116,283
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	16,917,257	\$	8,143,668	\$	2,872,938	\$	3,364,934
Component Unit								
Wharton Economic Development Corporation	\$	842,223	<u>\$</u>	2,100	\$	6,009	\$	_

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Industrial district payment

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

	(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Posit		Component
	Unit		
Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Wharton Economic Development Corporation
\$ (865,162) (3,717,009) 745,150 (173,913) (699,387) (4,710,321)		\$ (865,162) (3,717,009) 745,150 (173,913) (699,387) (4,710,321)	\$ - - - - -
- - - - -	1,985,748 (25,902) 498,312 (219,685) (63,869) 2,174,604	1,985,748 (25,902) 498,312 (219,685) (63,869) 2,174,604	- - - -
(4,710,321)	2,174,604	(2,535,717)	
			(834,114)
465,469 1,768,288 1,756,635 1,112,917 244,434 80,049 1,702,079 81,357 802,471 8,013,699 3,303,378	- - - 6,066 - 14,800 (802,471) (781,605) 1,392,999	465,469 1,768,288 1,756,635 1,112,917 244,434 86,115 1,702,079 96,157 	878,318 - - 2,226 - - - 880,544 46,430
10,229,372	14,473,502	24,702,874	1,905,525
\$ 13,532,750	\$ 15,866,501	\$ 29,399,251	\$ 1,951,955

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2021

ASSETS	General	Debt Service	2019 Bond Construction
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,958,905	\$ 284,922	\$ 1,407,464
Receivables, net	306,997	118,265	-
Due from other funds	346,284	171,304	28,153
Due from component unit	169,708	· -	-
Due from other governments	697,701	7,807	-
Advances to other funds	330,000	-	-
Prepaid items	387	-	-
Inventory	10,509	<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$ 3,820,491	\$ 582,298	<u>\$ 1,435,617</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 472,695	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued expenditures	41,449	-	-
Due to other funds	51,059	-	1,040,328
Due to other governments	30,159	-	-
Deposits	1,080		
Total liabilities	596,442		1,040,328
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue	298,798	118,265	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	298,798	118,265	_
Total deterred inflows of resources	290,790	110,200	
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	340,896	-	-
Restricted	-	464,033	395,289
Committed	-	-	-
Unassigned	2,584,355	_	_
Total fund balances	2,925,251	464,033	395,289
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 3,820,491	\$ 582,298	\$ 1,435,617

2019 Tax Notes	2020 Tax Notes	FM 1301 Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 221,348 - - - - - - - \$ 221,348	\$ 43,661 - 1,031,597 - - - - - - \$ 1,075,258	\$ 14,697,119 - - - - - - \$ 14,697,119	\$ 2,938,540 69,974 272,381 - 188,435 - - - \$ 3,469,330	\$ 21,551,959 495,236 1,849,719 169,708 893,943 330,000 387 10,509 \$ 25,301,461
\$ - 1,308,064 - 1,308,064	\$ 129,427 - - - - - 129,427	\$ 38,371 - - - - 38,371	\$ 365,176 - 1,409,101 - - - 1,774,277	\$ 1,005,669 41,449 3,808,552 30,159 1,080 4,886,909
-		-	160,843 160,843	577,906 577,906
(1,086,716) (1,086,716) (1,086,716) \$ 221,348	945,831 - - - - 945,831 \$ 1,075,258	14,658,748 - - 14,658,748 \$ 14,697,119	1,931,967 219,345 (617,102) 1,534,210 \$ 3,469,330	340,896 18,395,868 219,345 880,537 19,836,646 \$ 25,301,461

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
September 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 19,836,646
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as "unavailable" in the funds.		209,623
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by unavailable revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		368,283
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:		
Governmental capital assets costs Accumulated depreciation of governmental capital assets	\$ 39,902,069 (16,981,960)	22,920,109
Long-term assets are not available for use in the current period and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds:		
Net pension asset		170,528
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred amount on refunding Deferred amount on OPEB	66,177 52,655	
Deferred amount on pension	212,749	331,581
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds and certificates payable	(23,275,772)	
Bond premiums	(621,731)	
Tax notes	(5,280,800)	
OPEB liability	(218,594)	
Accrued interest payable	(157,665)	
Compensated absences	(263,279)	(29,817,841)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred amount on OPEB	(10,514)	(400 470)
Deferred amount on pension	(475,665)	(486,179)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 13,532,750

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2021

	General	Debt Service	2019 Bond Construction
REVENUES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Taxes	\$ 3,387,800	\$ 1,773,195	\$ -
Licenses and permits	195,539	-	-
Intergovernmental	998,994	-	-
Charges for services	17,903	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	192,264	-	-
Investment income	12,431	3,373	7,389
Industrial district fee	1,702,079	-	-
Miscellaneous	10,611	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues	6,517,621	1,776,568	7,389
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	1,879,501	-	4,133
Public safety	3,726,458	-	-
Public works	1,264,315	-	-
Cultural and recreation	95,517	-	-
Capital outlay	334,257	-	=
Debt service			
Principal retirement	-	1,476,829	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	450,285	-
Issuance costs	-		-
Total expenditures	7,300,048	1,927,114	4,133
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(782,427)	(150,546)	3,256
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	22,128	-	-
Debt issued	-	-	-
Transfers in	975,851	-	-
Transfers out	(200)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	997,779		-
Net change in fund balances	215,352	(150,546)	3,256
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,709,899	614,579	392,033
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,925,251	\$ 464,033	\$ 395,289

2019 Tax Notes	2020 Tax Notes	FM 1301 Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 1,879,683 - 524 - - 1,880,207	\$ - 1,117,513 - 3,233 - - 1,120,746	\$ - - - 41,835 - - 41,835	\$ 244,434 - 461,329 - 24,855 11,264 - 197 742,079	\$ 5,405,429 195,539 4,457,519 17,903 217,119 80,049 1,702,079 10,808 12,086,445
- - - - 1,371,472	- - - 4,174,915	- 205,334 - -	197,677 17,127 558,005 27,665 695,625	2,081,311 3,743,585 2,027,654 123,182 6,576,269 1,511,029
- - 1,371,472	105,000 4,279,915	177,753 383,087	2,933 	453,218 282,753 16,799,001
508,735	(3,159,169)	(341,252)	(791,153)	(4,712,556)
508,735	4,105,000 - - 4,105,000 945,831	15,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	105,722 (220,743) (115,021) (906,174)	22,128 19,105,000 1,081,573 (220,943) 19,987,758 15,275,202
(1,595,451) \$ (1,086,716)	\$ 945,831	\$ 14,658,748	2,440,384 \$ 1,534,210	4,561,444 \$ 19,836,646

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2021

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 15,275,202
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Increase in capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 6,517,733 (997,447)	5,520,286
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., transfers, contributions, adjustments and dispositions) is to increase (decrease) net position.		8,478
Issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Bonds at par value Tax notes	(15,000,000) (4,105,000)	(19,105,000)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of:	(1,100,000)	(10,100,000)
Bond and certificates principal retirement	833,629	
Tax notes principal retirement	677,400	1,511,029
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, other revenues are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes	(9,068)	
Other revenues	(169,334)	(178,402)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in compensated absences	24,114	
Decrease in loss on refunding	(10,250)	
Decrease in bond premium	70,276	
Increase in accrued interest	(23,442)	
Net OPEB costs	(24,546)	
Net pension costs	235,633	271,785
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,303,378

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities			
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Emergency Medical Services	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 793,950	\$ 204,099	\$ 647,667	
Receivables, net				
Accounts	535,158	174,874	72,164	
Due from other funds	2,233,517	29,511	16,567	
Due from other governments	17,868	-	14,800	
Inventory	87,122			
Total current assets	3,667,615	408,484	751,198	
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land and other assets not being depreciated	1,839,451	-	10,575	
Buildings, improvements, and equipment, net	13,039,883		817,774	
Net capital assets	14,879,334	-	828,349	
Net pension asset	41,932	-	61,502	
Total noncurrent assets	14,921,266	-	889,851	
Total assets	18,588,881	408,484	1,641,049	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding	-			
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	14,737	-	20,822	
Deferred outflow related to pension	2,808	-	6,945	
Total deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES	17,545		27,767	
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	740,769	484,066	38,249	
Accrued expenses	7,903	367	13,172	
Due to other governments	-	9,060	-	
Deposits	225,941	-	-	
Accrued interest payable	70,140	_	-	
Due to other funds	272,054	-	3,157	
Compensated absences	5,479	-	6,505	
Current portion of long-term obligations	554,676	<u> </u>		
Total current liabilities	1,876,962	493,493	61,083	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Advances from other funds	330,000	-	-	
Compensated absences	49,323	-	58,543	
OPEB liability	60,919	-	78,837	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	6,217,968	-	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,658,210	-	137,380	
Total liabilities	8,535,172	493,493	198,463	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	2,387	_	4,181	
Deferred inflow related to pension	151,377		174,721	
Total deferred inflows of resources	153,764		178,902	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	9,210,349	-	828,349	
Unrestricted net position	707,141	(85,009)	463,102	
Total net position	\$ 9,917,490	\$ (85,009)	\$ 1,291,451	

	Business-ty	/ре Ас	tivities		
	Civic				
	Center		Airport		Total
	OCITICI		Allport		TOLAI
\$	12,769	\$	55,189	\$	1,713,674
	65,427		43,308		890,931
	45,295		62,961		2,387,851
	-		45,121		77,789
	-		43,513		130,635
	123,491		250,092		5,200,880
•				-	-1-3-1
	44 600		40.200		1 042 000
	44,682		49,200		1,943,908
	1,582,544		4,242,588		19,682,789
	1,627,226		4,291,788		21,626,697
	5,591		_		109,025
	1,632,817		4,291,788		21,735,722
	1,756,308		4,541,880	-	26,936,602
	1,730,300		4,541,000		20,930,002
	-		14,188		14,188
	-		-		35,559
	6,307				16,060
	6,307		14,188		65,807
	6,987		2,771		1,272,842
	1,193		759		23,394
	_		_		9,060
	23,675		300		249,916
	5,205		9,119		84,464
	126,286		27,521		429,018
	143		34		12,161
					635,631
	31,333		49,622		
	194,822		90,126		2,716,486
	-		-		330,000
	1,284		303		109,453
	_		-		139,756
	515,422		761,625		7,495,015
	516,706		761,928		8,074,224
	711,528		852,054		10,790,710
	-		-		6,568
	12,532				338,630
	12,532				345,198
				-	
	1,100,322		3,535,520		14,674,540
	(61,767)		168,494	_	1,191,961
\$	1,038,555	\$	3,704,014	\$	15,866,501
	,,	<u>*</u>	, 1	<u></u>	,,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2021

	В	usiness-type Activitie	es	
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Emergency Medical Services	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 5,099,320	\$ 1,544,429	\$ 790,523	
Total operating revenues	5,099,320	1,544,429	790,523	
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Other services and charges Depreciation and amortization	970,985 117,158 392,405 875,280 601,681	46,930 65 - 1,523,336 	1,708,517 125,172 64,500 147,082 101,331	
Total operating expenses	2,957,509	1,570,331	2,146,602	
Operating income (loss) before nonoperating revenues (expenses) and contributions and transfers NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Sale of capital assets Noncapital grants and contributions Investment income Interest and fiscal charges	2,141,811 - - 2,724 (197,346)	(25,902) - - 378 	(1,356,079) 14,800 1,779,391 2,400	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(194,622)	378	1,796,591	
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	1,947,189	(25,524)	440,512	
Contributions and transfers Capital grants and contributions Transfers in Transfers out	99,442 200 (977,439)	- - -	75,000 - (98,412)	
Total contributions and transfers	(877,797)		(23,412)	
Change in net position	1,069,392	(25,524)	417,100	
Net position at beginning of year	8,848,098	(59,485)	874,351	
Net position at end of year	\$ 9,917,490	\$ (85,009)	\$ 1,291,451	

 Business-typ	oe Act	ivities	
Civic Center		Airport	Total
\$ 59,820	\$	219,235	\$ 7,713,327
 59,820		219,235	7,713,327
123,062 5,445 25,853 29,856 79,159		86,101 1,800 44,150 42,909 129,013	2,935,595 249,640 526,908 2,618,463 911,184
 263,375		303,973	7,241,790
(203,555)		(84,738)	471,537
 - 117 (16,130)		- 45,121 447 (24,252)	14,800 1,824,512 6,066 (237,728)
 (16,013)		21,316	1,607,650
(219,568)		(63,422)	2,079,187
215,021 -		- - -	174,442 215,221 (1,075,851)
 215,021		<u>-</u>	(686,188)
(4,547)		(63,422)	1,392,999
 1,043,102		3,767,436	14,473,502
\$ 1,038,555	\$	3,704,014	\$ 15,866,501

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities		
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Emergency Medical Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 5,058,089	\$ 1,538,812	\$ 777,547
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(723,136)	(1,295,843)	(374,158)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,004,271)	(46,830)	(1,798,999)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,330,682	196,139	(1,395,610)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Borrowing (repayments) to other funds	(566,682)	(21,573)	1,277
Transfers in from other funds	200	-	-
Transfers out to other funds	(977,439)	-	(98,412)
Noncapital grants and contributions	(12,648)		2,051,516
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,556,569)	(21,573)	1,954,381
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(982,920)	_	(329,693)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	14,800
Proceeds from capital grants and contributions	41,283	-	(75,000)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	534,000	-	-
Principal paid on long-term debt	(647,912)	-	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(231,244)	<u>-</u>	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related			
financing activities	(1,286,793)		(389,893)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment income	2,724	378	2,400
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	2,724	378	2,400
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	490,044	174,944	171,278
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	303,906	29,155	476,389
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 793,950	\$ 204,099	\$ 647,667

 Business-typ	oe Ad	ctivities		
Civic Center		Airport		Total
\$ 52,932 (60,380) (130,362) (137,810)	\$ 	220,257 (116,827) (86,065) 17,365	\$ 	7,647,637 (2,570,344) (3,066,527) 2,010,766
 319,064 215,021 - 2,659 536,744		103,875 - 80,276 184,151		(164,039) 215,221 (1,075,851) 2,121,803 1,097,134
 (332,213) - - - (58,010) (17,945)		(124,267) - - - (53,634) (28,815)	_	(1,769,093) 14,800 (33,717) 534,000 (759,556) (278,004)
 (408,168) 117 117		(206,716) 447 447	_	(2,291,570) 6,066 6,066
(9,117) 21,886		(4,753) 59,942		822,396 891,278
\$ 12,769	\$	55,189	<u>\$</u>	1,713,674
				(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2021

	Bus	siness-type Activit	ies
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Emergency Medical Services
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,141,811	\$ (25,902)	\$ (1,356,079)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization	601,681	-	101,331
Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory	(45,424) 332	(6,100)	(12,976) -
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow related to OPEB (Increase) decrease in deferred outflow related to pension	(5,430) 8,273	-	(7,001) 9,795
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in deposits	661,375 1,807 4,193	227,558 100 (75)	(37,404) 646
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	-	558	- (40.050)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	12,812 11,344	-	(12,653) 8,848
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (asset) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow related to OPEB	(57,109) (691)	-	(82,928) (894)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow related to pension	(4,292)		(6,295)
Total adjustments	1,188,871	222,041	(39,531)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3,330,682	\$ 196,139	\$ (1,395,610)
Noncash capital and related financing activites Noncash capital grants and contributions	<u>\$ 58,159</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

_	Business-typ	oe Ac	ctivities	
	Civic Center		Airport	 Total
\$	(203,555)	\$	(84,738)	\$ 471,537
	79,159		129,013	911,184
	(7,688) - 435 774 575 800 - (361) - (7,377) - (572)		1,022 (19,348) - - (8,620) 185 - - (149) - -	 (71,166) (19,016) (12,431) 18,503 843,683 3,313 4,918 558 (351) 20,192 (147,414) (1,585) (11,159)
	65,745		102,103	 1,539,229
\$	(137,810)	\$	17,365	\$ 2,010,766
\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 58,159 (concluded)

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

INDEX

Note		<u>Page</u>
1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	. 36
2	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	. 45
3	Deposits and Investments	. 45
4	Receivables	. 47
5	Due from Other Governments	. 48
6	Capital Assets	. 49
7	Defined Benefit Pension Plan	. 50
8	Supplemental Death Benefit Plan (OPEB)	. 55
9	Risk Management	. 58
10	Long-term Debt	. 59
11	Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers	. 64
12	Commitments and Contingencies	. 65
13	Fund Balances	. 66
14	Sales Tax Rebate Agreement	. 67
15	Subsequent Events	. 67
16	Restatement of Beginning Balances	. 67
17	Wharton Economic Development Corporation	. 68

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Wharton, Texas (the "City"), was organized in 1846 and has adopted a Home Rule Charter. The Charter, as amended, provides for a council-manager form of government. The City Council is the principal legislative body of the City and is composed of a mayor and six council members, two of which are elected at large and four of which are elected by the district, who serve two-year terms. The Mayor presides at City Council meetings and is entitled to vote on all matters considered by the City Council. All powers of the City are vested in the City Council. Such powers include: appointment of the City Manager, boards, and commissions; adoption of the budget; authorization of bond issues; and adoption of ordinances and resolutions as deemed necessary, desirable, and beneficial to the City. The City provides the following services: public safety to include police, fire and emergency medical services, highways and streets, water and wastewater, sanitation, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City's management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. Under these guidelines, the reporting entity consists of the primary government (all funds of the City), organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the primary government, and any other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion could cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Entities other than the primary government that are included in the primary government's financial statements are called component units. The component units discussed in this note are included in the City's financial statements because of the significance of their financial relationships with the City.

Component Unit

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data from one component unit. This component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The component unit column is made of the following:

The Wharton Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) - was created for the purpose of assisting in the promotion, development, and economic growth in the City. This is to be achieved through assistance in the retention of existing businesses and industries and the attraction of new businesses and industries and aid in their development and growth. WEDC was incorporated under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended; Article 5190.6 Vernon's Ann.CIV.ST. Section 4A, as amended, and qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Code Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. WEDC's primary source of income is from voter approved sales tax assessed in the City. All powers of WEDC are vested in the Board of Directors appointed by the City Council. The City is also able to impose its will on WEDC, including approving its annual budgets and bonded debt issuance.

The component unit is discretely presented in the financial statements. Complete financial statements of WEDC can be obtained from the WEDC office, 1944 N. Fulton Street, Wharton, Texas 77488.

A. Reporting Entity - (Continued)

Other Entities

Other governmental entities operating and providing services within the City's boundaries include the following:

County of Wharton, Texas

Wharton County Central Appraisal District

Wharton County Junior College Wharton County Rural Fire District #1 Wharton Independent School District

Coastal Bend Groundwater Conservation District Wharton County Emergency Services District #3

None of these entities have been included in the City's financial reporting entity based on evaluation of the prescribed criteria discussed above.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the City and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and discretely presented component units. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 120-day availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes, franchise taxes, fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for general government debt principal and interest.

The Capital Project Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets. Capital Project Funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The City has ten Capital Project Funds, four of which have been reported as major funds.

- The 2019 Bond Construction Fund accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2019 Certificates of Obligation on various capital improvement projects.
- The 2019 Tax Notes accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2019 Tax Notes
 for the flood reduction project with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE).
 The capital expenditures include property surveying, appraisal, acquisition, and
 relocation. This fund is on a reimbursement structure with the USACE.
- The 2020 Tax Notes accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2020 Tax Notes
 for the flood reduction project with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE).
 The capital expenditures include property surveying, appraisal, acquisition, and
 relocation. This fund is on a reimbursement structure with the USACE.
- The FM 1301 Project accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2021 Certificates of Obligation for the engineering, construction, and property acquisitions related to the highway extension.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations: 1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Water and Sewer Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the activities of the City related to its sewage treatment plant and water distribution system.

The Solid Waste Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the operation of the City's garbage collection.

The Emergency Medical Services Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the emergency medical services provided to the residents of the City.

The Civic Center Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the operation of the City's civic center.

The Airport Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the operation of the City's airport.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City has nine Special Revenue Funds, none of which is reported as a major fund.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

Procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- 1. City department and division leaders shall submit budget requests for the next fiscal year to and as directed by the City Manager for review and consolidation. The City Manager shall submit a proposed annual budget to the City Council before August 31st of each fiscal year. Before taxes are levied, but after a public hearing or hearings, the City Council shall adopt an annual budget. The budget shall be adopted by a majority of all members of the City Council not later than the last day of the then current fiscal year.
- 2. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager is authorized to transfer unencumbered budgeted amounts between line-items within a department; however, any revisions that alter the total budgeted expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council.
- Legally adopted annual budgets for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are
 prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. They are presented at the departmental
 level (i.e., City Manager, City Secretary, etc.), which is the legal level of budgetary
 control.
- 4. Unencumbered budget appropriations lapse at year-end and do not carry forward to future periods.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end lapse and are appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There are no outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2021.

F. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements.

The City Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995. The investments of the City are in compliance with the City Council's investment policies.

Investments for the City and the City's component unit, WEDC, are recorded at amortized cost, which as of September 30, 2021, approximates fair value.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectables. Property tax receivables include unpaid property taxes at year-end along with penalties and interest assessed on these unpaid taxes. The allowance on the unpaid property taxes is equal to 10% of the outstanding property taxes and the allowance on the penalties and interest is equal to 50% of the assessed amount.

H. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventories of materials and supplies held by the enterprise funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Estimated cost is used when actual cost figures are not available. Inventories are not maintained in the General Fund since materials and supplies are charged to related expenditure accounts when purchased. As these amounts are not material to the financial statements, the exclusion of inventories does not materially affect their financial position or result of operations of the General Fund.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods. These payments are reported as prepaid items in both the fund financial statements and in the government-wide statements and recorded when purchased rather than when consumed.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, drainage systems, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statement of net position. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Net interest incurred (interest earnings minus interest expense) during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is capitalized as part of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	50
Water and sewer system	50
Land improvements	50
Infrastructure	50
Machinery and equipment	5-15

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation, compensated time worked, and sick leave are accrued as a liability when earned by the employees since the employees' right to receive this compensation is already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for benefits through paid time off or through cash payments at termination.

Employees receive 80 hours of vacation time for the first five years of employment and an additional eight hours for each year beyond the first five up to a maximum of 120 hours. Vacation time is earned on the first day of the fiscal year and must be used by the last day of the fiscal year. However, in some instances vacation time may be carried forward with approval by the City Manager. Upon termination, up to 120 hours of accumulated vacation will be paid.

Employees receive eight hours of sick leave for each month of service. All employees hired after April 12, 1999, will not be eligible for payment for any unused sick leave at termination. Sick leave in excess of 45 days will only be paid upon illness while in the employment of the City.

Employees may accumulate unlimited compensated time for overtime at one and one-half times each hour earned; however, department heads may only accumulate compensated time at a straight-time rate. Employees may choose to be either paid for compensated time earned or use it as time off in the future. Upon termination, an employee will be paid for all unused compensated time.

All compensated absence pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and in proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred charges on refunding A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension/OPEB contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Differences between actuarial assumptions used and actual experience for determination of pension or OPEB liability – These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension or OPEB liability This
 difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining lives of all
 members determined as of the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. This year, the City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Difference in expected and actual pension or OPEB experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension or OPEB liability This
 difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining lives of all
 members determined as of the measurement date.

M. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEBs, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the City's pension and OPEB liability is obtained from TMRS through reports prepared for the City by TMRS' consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company (GRS), in compliance with GASB No. 68 and No. 75.

N. Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," (the "Statement") was issued in February 2009. This Statement eliminates the requirement to report governmental fund balances as reserved, unreserved, or designated. It replaces those categories with five possible classifications of governmental fund balances - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. This Statement also redefines the governmental funds for clarity and to be consistent with these new fund balance classifications. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. The City did not adopt a new fund balance policy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 during fiscal year 2021. This Statement did not have an impact on the City's functions, financial position or results of operations.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the City considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Compliance

Budgetary compliance is monitored at the departmental level in the funds. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City complied with budgetary restrictions at all departmental levels except for the following:

Department	Budget	 Actual	Negative /ariance
General Fund Grants Debt Service Fund	\$ 655,513	\$ 743,996	\$ (88,483)
Debt service	1,574,028	1,927,114	(353,086)

B. <u>Deficit Fund Equity</u>

As of September 30, 2021, the following funds had deficit equity balances:

Fund -	nd Balance/ et Position
2019 Tax Notes	\$ 1,086,716
Solid Waste	85,009
Nonmajor Governmental	
Disaster Relief	256,160
Special Funding	135,742
Hurricane Harvey Infrastructure	57,177
2013 Bond Construction	168,023

Steps will be taken to eliminate these deficits in the upcoming fiscal year. Also, the 2019 Tax Notes Fund is on a reimbursement structure with the USACE.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the City's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of FDIC insurance.

As of September 30, 2021, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Weighted Average <u>Maturity (Days)</u>	Credit Risk
Public Funds Investment Pool TexPool	\$	31,004	34	AAAm

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Following the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, TexPool uses amortized cost to value portfolio assets. The investment pool operates in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2(a)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Instead, the regulatory oversight for the pool is the State of Texas. The investment pool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share and is classified as cash and cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

A. Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments in non-operating funds to less than five years from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity of investments of the City's operating funds cannot exceed one year from the time of purchase. TexPool's weighted average maturity cannot exceed 60 days.

B. Credit Risk

It is the City's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent. The City's investments in the public funds investment pools include those with TexPool. The pool operates in full compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. TexPool is rated AAAm by S&P Global.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

D. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the City by the depository in an amount equal to at least 102% of the carrying value of deposits held. During the fiscal year and at year-end, all deposits held in the depository bank were fully collateralized.

E. Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of the City or held on behalf of the City and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. As of September 30, 2021, and for the year then ended, the City was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

Please see Note 17 for discussions relative to the investments of the City's component unit.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General	Debt Service	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Emergency Medical Services	Civic Center	Airport	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Gross receivables:									
Accounts	\$ 411,657	\$ -	\$ 535,158	\$ 174,874	\$ 4,178,207	\$ 65,427	\$ 43,308	\$ 69,974	\$ 5,478,605
Ad valorem taxes	160,498	175,548	-	-	-	-	-	_	336,046
Franchise taxes	77,778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,778
Fines	303,315	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	303,315
Other	9,110				<u> </u>				9,110
Total gross receivables	962,358	175,548	535,158	174,874	4,178,207	65,427	43,308	69,974	6,204,854
Less: Allowances	655,361	57,283			4,106,043				4,818,687
Total net receivables	\$ 306,997	\$ 118,265	\$ 535,158	\$ 174,874	\$ 72,164	\$ 65,427	\$ 43,308	\$ 69,974	\$ 1,386,167

The City's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ur	navailable_	Une	arned	 Total
General Fund					
Ad valorem receivable	\$	91,358	\$	-	\$ 91,358
Fines		121,326		-	121,326
Other		7,866		_	7,866
Grants		78,248		-	78,248
Debt Service Fund					
Ad valorem receivable		118,265		-	118,265
Nonmajor Governmental					
Grants		160,843			 160,843
	\$	577,906	\$		\$ 577,906

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

The City's property taxes are levied annually on October 1st on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values as of January 1st of that calendar year. Appraised values are established by the Appraisal District at market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value. The City's property taxes are billed and collected by the Wharton County Tax Assessor-Collector and are due and payable on January 31st. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on the property on February 1st of the subsequent calendar year.

The City provides an exemption from property taxes of \$10,000 of the assessed value of residential homesteads for persons 65 years of age or older. An exemption from \$1,500 to \$3,000 is allowed to disabled veterans on any one piece of property. Additionally, the market value of agricultural land is reduced to agricultural value for purposes of the City's tax levy calculation.

The City, under Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution applicable to cities of more than 5,000 population and by City Home Rule Charter, is limited to levy ad valorem tax at a rate up to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation for general government services. Within the \$2.50 maximum levy, there is no legal limit on the amount of property taxes that can be levied for debt service.

Property taxes are prorated between operations and debt service for the current year roll. Delinquent taxes collected are used for maintenance and operations. For the current year, the City levied property taxes of \$0.43726 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which were prorated between operations and debt service in the amounts of \$0.096240 and \$0.34102, respectively. The resulting adjusted total tax levy was \$2,361,566 on the total adjusted taxable valuation of \$540,082,785 for the 2020 tax year.

NOTE 5: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City has amounts due from other governments as of the end of the current fiscal year. Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of September 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

				Emergency			
		Debt	Water and	Medical		Nonmajor	
	General	Service	Sewer	Services	Airport	Funds	 Total
Sales taxes	\$307,399	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 307,399
Federal and state							
grants	368,254	-	17,868	-	45,121	188,435	619,678
Property taxes	3,964	7,807	-	-	-	-	11,771
Other	18,084			14,800			 32,884
	<u>\$697,701</u>	<u>\$ 7,807</u>	<u>\$ 17,868</u>	<u>\$ 14,800</u>	<u>\$45,121</u>	<u>\$ 188,435</u>	\$ 971,732

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,716,654	\$ 3,663,300	\$ -	\$ 5,379,954
Construction in progress	3,467,803	1,994,460	149,000	5,313,263
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,184,457	5,657,760	149,000	10,693,217
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	7,787,898	228,073	130,751	7,885,220
Buildings and improvements	5,077,108	89,464	-	5,166,572
Infrastructure	15,457,146	699,914		16,157,060
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,322,152	1,017,451	130,751	29,208,852
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	5,510,707	426,330	130,751	5,806,286
Buildings and improvements	2,456,261	143,233	-	2,599,494
Infrastructure	8,148,296	427,884		8,576,180
Total accumulated depreciation	16,115,264	997,447	130,751	16,981,960
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,206,888	20,004		12,226,892
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,391,345	\$ 5,677,764	\$ 149,000	\$ 22,920,109
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 319,093	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 319,093
Construction in progress	960,781	765,258	101,224	1,624,815
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,279,874	765,258	101,224	1,943,908
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	4,218,055	432,401	70,500	4,579,956
Land improvements	1,153,850	43,100	-	1,196,950
Buildings and improvements	6,846,548	501,193	-	7,347,741
Water and sewer system	25,439,392	186,524		25,625,916
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,657,845	1,163,218	70,500	38,750,563
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	3,375,188	188,879	70,500	3,493,567
Land improvements	202,848	23,221	-	226,069
Buildings and improvements	2,337,305	161,860	-	2,499,165
Water and sewer system	12,314,113	534,860		12,848,973
Total accumulated depreciation	18,229,454	908,820	70,500	19,067,774
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,428,391	254,398		19,682,789
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,708,265	\$ 1,019,656	\$ 101,224	\$ 21,626,697

^{*}Beginning balances have been restated. See Note 16 of this report.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activitie	G	ove	rnm	en	tal	act	ivi	ities
------------------------	---	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-------

General government	\$ 64,482
Public safety	303,070
Public works	579,064
Cultural and recreation	 50,831
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 997,447
Business-type activities	
Water and sewer	\$ 601,681
Emergency medical services	101,331
Civic center	79,160
Airport	 126,648

At September 30, 2021, the City had temporarily impaired idle assets in the business-type activities (the Airport Fund) that amounted to \$86,081. The assets relate to costs incurred on the airport terminal building project that has been temporarily suspended.

908,820

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the TMRS. TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the TMRS with a six-member, Governor appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (Annual report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated as if the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest.

Benefits Provided - (Continued)

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions of the City for plan year 2021 were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	5.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	10
Service retirement eligibility	
(expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100.0% - transfers; 2010 - Auto Readoption
COLA (for retirees)	70.0%; 2010 - Auto Readoption
Military service credit	Yes, adopted 1-1997
Restricted prior service credit	Yes, adopted 11-1997
Buy back last adopted	Not elected

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	60
Active employees	<u> 103</u>
	<u>209</u>

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 5.70% and 5.38% in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were \$309,962, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall Payroll Growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population

declines, if any

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.00%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.14%
Real Return	10.00%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.48%
Private Equity	<u>10.00%</u>	7.75%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability	1	Net Position	Lia	bility (Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$	17,888,983	\$	17,799,707	\$	89,276
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		562,158		-		562,158
Interest		1,202,021		-		1,202,021
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(168,768)		-		(168,768)
Change of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - Employer		-		331,708		(331,708)
Contributions - Employee		-		290,972		(290,972)
Net investment income		-		1,350,644		(1,350,644)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(724,675)		(724,675)		-
Administrative expense		-		(8,743)		8,743
Other changes		_		(341)		341
Net changes		870,736		1,239,565		(368,829)
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	18,759,719	\$	19,039,272	\$	(279,553)

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1.0% Increase in
	Discount Rate (5.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability:	\$2,244,583	\$(279,553)	\$(2,354,494)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized pension expense of \$(65,735).

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	d Outflows	ed Inflows
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ _	\$ 305,248
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	5,747
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	503,300
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	228,809	_
Total	\$ 228,809	\$ 814,295

\$228,809 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2021 (i.e. recognized in the City's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2022). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2021	\$ (335,170)
2022	(98,545)
2023	(348,252)
2024	(32,328)
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (814,295)

NOTE 8: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

TMRS administers an optional death benefit plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF), which operates like a group-term life insurance plan. This voluntary program allows participating cities to provide supplemental death benefits for their active members, with optional coverage for their retirees. A City may terminate coverage in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The SDBF had 777 participating cities on December 31, 2020.

Benefits payable from SDBF become due after the death of a covered active member or retiree and are paid to the designated beneficiaries upon the receipt of an approved application for payment. The death benefit for active members provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the member's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded, single-employer OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

Membership

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following is the number of members in the plan:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	33
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11
Active employees	<u> 103</u>
Total	<u> 147</u>

Contributions

Contributions to the SDBF are made monthly based on the payroll of covered members of the cities participating in the SDBF. The required contribution rate is actuarially determined annually for each City participating in the SDBF. The rate is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees covered by the SDBF and the demographics specific to the workforce of the City. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the City's contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retired term life insurance during employees' entire careers. Therefore, there are no assets that are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The SDBF is considered an unfunded OPEB plan and benefit payments made by the City are treated as being equal to the City's yearly contribution for retirees.

The City's contribution rates for the program are as follows:

Plan/Calendar	Total SDB	Retiree Portion of SDB
Year	Contribution (Rate)	Contribution (Rate)
2017	0.22%	0.03%
2018	0.21%	0.03%
2019	0.22%	0.04%
2020	0.23%	0.03%
2021	0.24%	0.10%

NOTE 8: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB) - (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability and the OPEB expense is recognized on the City's financial statements. The OPEB expense recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the total OPEB liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of certain changes in the liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Inflation 2.5°

Salary increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Discount rate 2.00%*

Retirees' share of benefit-

related costs

\$0

and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB

Statement No. 68

Mortality rates-service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates

are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates-disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year

set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account

for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

^{*} The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 8: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB) - (Continued)

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The following details the changes in the Total OPEB liability:

Balance at 12/31/19	\$ 291,620
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	12,803
Interest	8,172
Change of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and	
actual experience	(773)
Change of assumptions	48,274
Benefit payments	 (1,746)
Net changes	 66,730
Balance at 12/31/20	\$ 358,350

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in		1.0% Increase in	
	Discount Rate (1.00%)	Discount Rate (2.00%)	Discount Rate (3.00%)	
City's Total OPEB Liability:	\$439,956	\$358,350	\$296,027	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$35,401.

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Outflows	Deferred	Inflows	
	of Res	ources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,351	\$	8,246	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		80,610		8,836	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,253		-	
Total	\$	88,214	\$	17,082	

NOTE 8: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB) - (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - (Continued)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources to be recognized in future OPEB expense (excluding City contributions subsequent to the measurement date) are as follows:

Year ended December 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2021	\$ 14,426
2022	14,426
2023	12,958
2024	13,947
2025	10,888
Thereafter	233
Total	\$ 66,878

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's risk management program encompasses obtaining property, workers compensation, and health and liability insurance through commercial insurance carriers. The City has not retained any risks other than the deductible and is covered up to the limits of coverage after the deductible. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities Bonds and certificates payable					
Certificates of obligation General obligation bonds Qualified energy	\$ 3,311,838 5,479,137	\$ 15,000,000 -	\$ 175,886 630,922	\$ 18,135,952 4,848,215	\$ 482,224 496,150
cons. bonds	318,426	-	26,821	291,605	27,227
Plus deferred amounts:	692,007	_	70,276	621,731	_
Issuance premiums Total bonds and	032,007		10,210	021,731	
certificates payable	9,801,408	15,000,000	903,905	23,897,503	1,005,601
Tax notes	1,853,200	4,105,000	677,400	5,280,800	920,800
Net pension liability (asset)	50,887	-	221,415	(170,528)	<u> </u>
OPEB liability	172,056	46,538		218,594	<u> </u>
Compensated absences	287,393	228,144	252,258	263,279	26,328
Total governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 12,164,944</u>	\$ 19,379,682	\$ 2,054,978	\$ 29,489,648	\$1,952,729
Business-type activities					
Bonds and certificates payable	A 5.070.400	•		.	.
Certificates of obligation	\$ 5,373,162	\$ -	\$ 289,114	\$ 5,084,048	\$ 297,776
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	1,580,863	534,000	344,078	1,236,785 534,000	123,850 85,000
Qualified energy		001,000		004,000	00,000
cons. bonds	816,378	-	68,764	747,614	69,805
Plus deferred amounts: Issuance premiums	380,829	_	31,830	348,999	_
Total bonds and					
certificates payable	8,151,232	534,000	733,786	7,951,446	576,431
Tax notes	236,800		57,600	179,200	59,200
Net pension liability (asset)	38,389	-	147,414	(109,025)	_
OPEB liability	119,564	20,192		139,756	
Compensated absences	121,965	250,500	250,851	121,614	12,161
Total business-type activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 8,667,950	\$ 804,692	\$ 1,189,651	\$ 8,282,991	\$ 647,792

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities - (Continued)

The City has defeased certain outstanding bonds and certificates by placing the proceeds of new debt in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds and certificates. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2021, \$6,520,000 of bonds and certificates outstanding was considered defeased.

For governmental activities, compensated absences, OPEB liability, and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Please see Note 17 for discussions relative to the notes payable of the City's component unit.

B. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Term	Interest Rates	Original Amount
Refunding Series 2013	12/13 - 12/26	3.00 - 4.00%	\$ 3,600,000
Refunding Series 2019	03/19 - 09/30	3.00 - 5.00%	 5,700,000
			\$ 9,300,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	oe Activities	
Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	_Principal_	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 496,150	\$ 206,857	\$ 123,850	\$ 53,293	\$ 880,150
2023	520,230	184,747	129,770	47,653	882,400
2024	548,255	161,205	136,745	41,670	887,875
2025	572,130	135,681	142,870	35,219	885,900
2026	604,100	108,527	150,900	28,373	891,900
2027-2030	2,107,350	179,591	552,650	47,809	2,887,400
	\$4,848,215	<u>\$ 976,608</u>	<u>\$ 1,236,785</u>	\$ 254,017	\$7,315,625

C. Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation

The City also issues combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation (C.O.s) to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax and further payable from a junior and subordinate pledge of the net revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The C.O.s have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. C.O.s currently outstanding are as follows:

	Term	Interest Rates	 Original Amount
Series 2013	06/14 - 06/33	3.00 - 4.125%	\$ 5,000,000
Series 2015	10/15 - 12/32	2.00 - 3.50%	2,705,000
Series 2019	03/19 - 06/39	3.00 - 5.00%	2,825,000
Series 2021	12/21 - 06/52	1.76%	15,000,000
			\$ 25,530,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for C.O.s are as follows:

	Govern	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
Year	Principa	<u> </u>	Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 482,2	24 \$	116,657	\$	297,776	\$	184,806	\$	1,081,463
2023	487,7	22	110,583		307,278		175,117		1,080,700
2024	495,4	14	103,135		319,586		163,453		1,081,588
2025	503,1	06	95,275		331,894		151,037		1,081,312
2026	512,7	48	86,994		347,252		137,844		1,084,838
2027-2031	3,245,0	93	1,551,959		1,945,252		471,207		7,213,511
2032-2036	3,130,0	07	1,148,039		1,196,460		133,758		5,608,264
2037-2041	2,814,1	93	857,678		338,550		21,213		4,031,634
2042-2046	2,833,0	29	607,342		-		-		3,440,371
2047-2051	3,097,1	24	348,967		-		-		3,446,091
2052	535,2	92	31,912			_		_	567,204
	\$ 18,135,9	<u>52</u> \$	5,058,541	\$	5,084,048	\$	1,438,435	\$	29,716,976

On December 20, 2021, the City entered into an Interlocal Agreement with WEDC, in which the WEDC agreed to contribute \$9,573,477 for the construction of the FM1301 Relocation and Railroad Overpass Project. Payment of the contribution to the City shall be made through annual transfers of one-half of the annual debt service for the City's Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021 no later than May 1 of each year beginning on May 1, 2022 and continuing until May 1, 2052. The maximum amount of the payment will not exceed \$345,785 in any one yearly payment. A long-term receivable will be recorded in governmental activities on the statement of net position in fiscal year 2022.

D. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are used to finance the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements for the water and sewer system and related facilities. These revenue bonds constitute special obligations of the City solely secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and sewer system.

On April 26, 2021, the City authorized the issuance of Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2021 in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,872,000 through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for the purpose of constructing a new well, ground storage tank, distribution pump system and any related improvements to the system, and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The revenue bonds were dated July 1, 2021. Principal payments will be made in yearly installments beginning June 15, 2022. The revenue bonds will bear an interest rate of 1.75% and will mature on June 15, 2061. As of September 30, 2021, the City has redeemed \$534,000 of the bonds available. Interest paid on December 15, 2022 was \$3,994.

On February 28, 2022, the City amended the ordinance set forth on April 26, 2021 for the Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2021 to reflect that the bonds shall bear interest from the issuance date of the bonds and to allow for the restatement of issued bonds to include an issuance date for each.

	Term	Interest Rates	Original Amount		
Revenue Bonds Series 2021	07/21 - 06/61	1.75%	\$	4,872,000	
			\$	4,872,000	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Business-type Activities									
Year	_P	rincipal	Int	erest	Total				
2022	\$	85,000	\$	-	\$	85,000			
2023		87,000		-		87,000			
2024		88,000		-		88,000			
2025		90,000		-		90,000			
2026		91,000		-		91,000			
2027		93,000				93,000			
	\$	534,000	\$		\$	534,000			

E. Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

On August 25, 2016 the City issued the taxable 2015 Series Public Property Finance Contract, Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB), in the amount of \$1,596,383. The Bonds were issued to finance the City's energy savings project that they have subsequently contracted with Pepco Energy Services for various energy savings measures for City buildings and facilities. Pepco Energy Services has guaranteed payment of the bonds should actual energy savings be insufficient for the entire term of the bonds.

E. Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds - (Continued)

QECBs are a form of taxable bonds which receive a direct subsidy payment from the Federal government to help offset the cost of the borrowing. The subsidy is intended to promote qualified energy products. The federal subsidy equates to approximately 70% of the interest cost of the financing. The actual savings will depend on the actual reduction in future utility costs as a result of the energy savings project.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for QECBs are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Principal Interest		 Total	
2022	\$	27,227	\$	4,418	\$	69,805	\$	11,326	\$ 112,776
2023		27,640		4,005		70,862		10,269	112,776
2024		28,058		3,587		71,936		9,195	112,776
2025		28,484		3,162		73,025		8,106	112,777
2026		28,915		2,730		74,133		6,999	112,777
2027-2031		151,281		6,944		387,853		17,805	 563,883
	\$	291,605	\$	24,846	\$	747,614	\$	63,700	\$ 1,127,765

F. Tax Notes

The City also issues tax notes to provide funds for the acquisition, repair, replacement and construction of facilities and equipment. The tax notes have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. Tax notes currently outstanding are as follows:

	Term	Interest Rates	 Original Amount
Series 2017	06/18 - 06/24	2.09%	\$ 1,220,000
Series 2019	04/19 - 09/26	2.32%	1,555,000
Series 2021	10/20 - 09/27	2.89%	 5,105,000
			\$ 7,880,000

On October 15, 2020, the City issued the Series 2021 tax notes. The initial advance under the notes in the amount of \$2,605,000 was made on that date. A subsequent advance of \$1,500,000 was made on June 1, 2021, and the remaining advance of \$1,000,000 will be on December 1, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the tax notes are as follows:

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-type Activities				
Year	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	920,800	\$	161,483	\$	59,200	\$	3,745	\$	1,145,228
2023		945,800		142,996		59,200		2,508		1,150,504
2024		969,200		113,299		60,800		1,271		1,144,570
2025		875,000		82,837		-		_		957,837
2026		895,000		51,192		-		_		946,192
2027		675,000		24,565		_				699,565
	\$	5,280,800	\$	576,372	\$	179,200	\$	7,524	\$	6,043,896

NOTE 11: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

A. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Due To/From Other Funds

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the City were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund. Interfund receivable and payable balances as of September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	2019 Tax Notes Nonmajor Governmental Water and Sewer Emergency Medical Services Civic Center Airport	\$ 143,969 93,533 14,298 3,157 63,806 27,521 346,284
Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Civic Center	108,824 62,480 171,304
2019 Bond Construction	Nonmajor Governmental	28,153
2020 Tax Notes	2019 Tax Notes	1,031,597
Nonmajor Governmental	General Nonmajor Governmental Water and Sewer	6,907 7,718 <u>257,756</u> 272,381
Water and Sewer	General Fund 2019 Bond Construction 2019 Tax Notes Nonmajor Governmental	3,195 979,686 132,498 1,118,138 2,233,517
Solid Waste	General Nonmajor Governmental	28,629 882 29,511
Emergency Medical Services	General Nonmajor Governmental	9,134 7,433 16,567
Civic Center	General Fund 2019 Bond Construction Nonmajor Governmental	2,659 19,852 22,784 45,295
Airport	General 2019 Bond Construction Nonmajor Governmental	535 40,790 21,636 62,961 \$ 4,237,570

NOTE 11: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS - Continued

A. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u> - (Continued)

Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Water and Sewer	\$ 330,000

The amount payable to the General Fund relates to working capital loans made to the Water and Sewer Fund. \$50,000 of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

B. Interfund Transfers

Each year various funds of the City transfer funds to other funds. The most significant of these are the planned transfers from the City's enterprise funds to specified governmental funds. These transfers are intended to provide the necessary resources to meet the operating and debt service obligations of the receiving funds.

During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

Transfers Out	 General	 Water and Sewer	 Civic Center		Nonmajor Funds	 Total
General	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 200
Nonmajor Governmental	=	-	215,021		5,722	220,743
Water and Sewer	877,439	-	-		100,000	977,439
Emergency Medical						
Services	 98,412	 <u>-</u>	 	_		 98,412
	\$ 975,851	\$ 200	\$ 215,021	\$	105,722	\$ 1,296,794

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The City participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2021, may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

Construction and Acquisition Commitments

As of September 30, 2021, the City had entered into contractual commitments with contractors for various City projects. The commitments with contractors were as follows:

	F	Remaining
Project Project	C	ommitment
Levee acquisition	\$	542,834
Energy savings project		447,997
Road construction projects		248,583
Water well and water plant system project		3,765,829
Total	\$	5,005,243

The commitments are being funded by various federal grants, bond proceeds, and service revenues.

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCES

The following is a detail of the governmental fund balances as of September 30, 2021:

	Non	spendable	 Restricted	_ <u>C</u>	ommitted	Unassigned	Total
General							
Prepaid items	\$	387	\$ _	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 387
Inventory		10,509	_		-	-	10,509
Long-term interfund							
advances		330,000	-		-	-	330,000
Unassigned		-	-		-	2,584,355	2,584,355
Debt Service							
Long-term debt		-	464,033		-	-	464,033
2019 Bond Construction							
Various capital projects		-	395,289		-	-	395,289
2019 Tax Notes							
Various capital projects		-	-		-	(1,086,716)	(1,086,716)
2020 Tax Notes							
Various capital projects		-	945,831		-	-	945,831
FM 1301 Project							
Various capital projects		-	14,658,748		-	-	14,658,748
Nonmajor Governmental			4 755 404		040.045		4 074 000
Various capital projects		-	1,755,494		219,345	-	1,974,839
Arts and tourism		-	76,846		-	-	76,846
Municipal court security			04.400				04.400
and technology		-	64,160		-	-	64,160
Law enforcement		-	35,072		-	-	35,072
Fire department		-	395		-	- (617 100)	395
Unassigned			 			(617,102)	(617,102)
	\$	340,896	\$ 18,395,868	\$	219,345	\$ 880,537	\$ 19,836,646

NOTE 14: SALES TAX REBATE AGREEMENT

The City, along with WEDC, and as part of a business development plan to bring in new businesses to the City, entered into a five year agreement effective July 1, 2019 with Tractor Supply Company (TSC) whereby the City will make annual grant payments to TSC in the amount of one-half percent (0.5%) and WEDC will make annual grant payments in the amount of one-quarter percent (0.25%) for a total of three quarters percent (0.75%) of the Site-Specific Sales Tax Revenue generated by TSC. The City and WEDC will continue to make grant payments until TSC receives the maximum total grant amount (\$150,000) or the expiration of the agreement, whichever comes first. During the year ended September 30, 2021, tax rebate expenditures of \$12,229 were incurred that related to 2020.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 1, 2021, the City received the first tranche of funds for the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$1,070,064, which is one half of the total allocation for the City of \$2,140,127. The second tranche, remainder of \$1,070,064, will be received approximately in October 2022. The City has identified and prioritized projects to be used for these funds. This list of projects is being submitted to the Department of the Treasury before the deadline of April 30, 2022 in order to be in compliance.

On October 1, 2021, the City signed a grant agreement with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to receive funds from the TWDB in the amount of \$2,400,157 and for TWDB to provide financing in the amount of \$2,601,000 in City of Wharton, Texas Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021A. These funds are to be used for a flood infrastructure project which includes construction. The principal payment will be annually for a period of thirty (30) years in the amount of \$87,000 and will bear an interest rate of 0.00%.

On December 17, 2021, the City received a loan in the amount of \$5,500,000 from the State Infrastructure Bank administered through the Texas Transportation Commission. The loan is to be used to finance utility relocations necessary for the City of Wharton FM 1301 Relocation and Railroad Overpass Project. The loan will be repaid over a period of twenty (20) years with a final maturity of June 1, 2041. Principal will be paid annually beginning on June 1, 2023 and on each June 1 thereafter. The loan shall not bear interest from the deposit date until the third anniversary of the deposit date. From the third anniversary of the deposit date, the loan shall bear interest at a rate of .65% per annum. Interest payments will be due annually beginning on June 1, 2025, and on each June 1 and December 1 thereafter for the remainder of the length of the loan.

On December 20, 2021, the City entered into an Interlocal Agreement with WEDC, in which WEDC agreed to contribute \$9,573,477 for the construction of the FM1301 Relocation and Railroad Overpass Project. Payment of the contribution to the City shall be made through annual transfers of one-half of the annual debt service for the City's Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021 no later than May 1 of each year beginning on May 1, 2022 and continuing until May 1, 2052. The maximum amount of the payment will not exceed \$345,785 in any one yearly payment.

NOTE 16: RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING BALANCES

The City's governmental activities financial statements for the fiscal year September 30, 2020 have been restated to properly reflect the capital asset and net investment in capital asset balances for fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. The result of the restatement was to decrease the capital asset accounts and the net investment in capital assets of the governmental activities by \$190,608. There were no adjustments made to the fund financial statements.

NOTE 17: WHARTON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

As described in Note 1, the Wharton Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) is a component unit of the City. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate for accounting purposes from the City. Following are note disclosures relating to this component unit:

A. Organization

WEDC, a public instrumentality and nonprofit corporation under Section 501(c)(4), was created under Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, Article 5190.6 of the Revised Civil Statutes of Texas (the "Act") on March 13, 1998. Under the Act, the Board of Directors consists of seven members appointed by and who serve at the pleasure of the City Council of the City for two-year terms.

WEDC may enter into any project authorized by the Act including, but not limited to, such projects as promotion and development of new and expanded business enterprises, job training centers, infrastructure improvements, public safety, municipal buildings, civic centers, recreation facilities, and other related facilities.

WEDC prepares annual financial statements as of September 30th of each year. WEDC reports its financial results as a governmental type of entity.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of WEDC conform to GAAP, as applicable to governmental units. For inclusion in this report, WEDC's operations are reported as a governmental fund type.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors submits an annual budget to the City for approval in accordance with the Texas Municipal Budget Act. In September of each year, the Board of Directors, with approval by the City, adopts an annual fiscal year appropriated budget for the General Fund. Once approved, the Board of Directors may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

The appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by functions and departments. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations and beginning fund balances. Budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the Board of Directors. Within these above control levels, the Board of Directors may transfer appropriations without approval by the City.

The budget of WEDC is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipts are expected, and expenditures are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase occurs. Any unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at fiscal year-end.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the final budget anticipated \$658,859 more in expenditures than revenues. WEDC did not over-expend any budgeted expenditures.

Deposits and Investments

WEDC's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

WEDC has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investments of its funds as defined in the Public Investment Act (Chapter 2256.001 Texas Government Code). The investments of WEDC are in compliance with the Board of Directors investment policy and the Public Funds Investment Act. WEDC is authorized to invest in obligations and instruments as follows: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, 3) repurchase agreements and revenue repurchase agreements as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act, 4) No-load Securities Exchange Commission registered money market funds, 5) Constant Dollar Texas Local Government Investments Pools as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act, 6) certificates of deposits, and 7) other instruments and obligations authorized by statute.

Inventory

WEDC inventory, consisting of materials and supplies, is recorded using the purchases method.

Capital Assets

WEDC's capital assets, which consist of real estate held for development, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, are recorded at cost. Real estate held for development is not subject to depreciation. Depreciation has been charged against these assets using a straight-line method from 5 to 7 years.

Compensated Absences and Retirement Plans

WEDC follows the City's policies for compensated absences, retirement, and other benefits for its employees. Accumulated benefits payable is not considered material to the accompanying financial statements. As such, no liability for these benefits has been reported as of September 30, 2021.

Fund Equity

Fund balances of WEDC classified as nonspendable are balances that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items. Fund balances classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by WEDC's Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the constraints through the same type of action used to initially commit them. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by a Board designee.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, when more than one classification is available, WEDC will typically use restricted, committed, and/or assigned fund balances, in that order, prior to using unassigned resources.

WEDC generally aims to maintain an unassigned fund balance of approximately 10 - 15% of budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year to be used for unanticipated needs.

Federal Income Taxes

WEDC is exempt from Federal income taxes as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

C. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2021, WEDC had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fai	r Value	Weighted Average <u>Maturity (Days)</u>	Credit Rating
Public Funds Investment Pool TexPool	\$	1,737	34	AAAm

The investment pool operates in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2(a)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Instead, the regulatory oversight for the pool is the State of Texas. The pool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the shares in the pool.

Investments in the pool and certificate of deposit are classified as cash and cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with WEDC's investment policy, WEDC manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments in non-operating funds to less than five years from the time of purchase. The maximum weighted average maturity of the overall portfolio of WEDC's operating funds cannot exceed six months.

Credit Risk

It is WEDC's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent. WEDC's investments in the public funds investment pools include those with TexPool. The pool operates in full compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. TexPool is rated AAAm by S&P Global.

Concentration of Credit Risk

WEDC's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, WEDC was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

C. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, WEDC's deposits may not be returned to it. WEDC's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to WEDC by the depository in an amount equal to at least 102% of the carrying value of deposits held.

As of September 30, 2021, WEDC had deposits in five financial institutions and the deposits were FDIC or NCUA insured at each institution up to \$250,000. WEDC had one pledged collateral agreement in place during the year. At September 30, 2021, WEDC had no uninsured cash balances.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, WEDC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. WEDC's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of WEDC or held on behalf of WEDC and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. As of September 30, 2021, and for the year then ended, WEDC was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

D. Sales Taxes

WEDC, by law, is to receive one-third of the sales tax earned by the City and paid monthly to the City by the State of Texas. WEDC's outstanding receivable of the sales tax earned by the City for the year ended September 30, 2021, was \$153,699. The City collects the sales tax from the State of Texas and then pays WEDC's portion monthly when collected.

E. Sales Tax Rebate Agreement

WEDC executed a sales tax reimbursement agreement, authorized under Chapter 380 of the Local Government Code, with Tractor Supply Company (TSC). The purpose of the agreement is to create jobs and invigorate the local economy.

WEDC entered into the rebate agreement with TSC effective July 1, 2019. The agreement will remain in effect until (i) the fifth anniversary of the commencement date, or (ii) upon TSC receiving grant payments totaling the maximum grant amount of \$150,000, or (iii) the applicable time period for termination following TSC's uncured default (5 years), whereby WEDC would rebate TSC a percentage of sales tax collected as a result of TSC's sales. For the year ended September 30, 2021, tax rebate expenditures of \$6,114 were incurred.

TSC collects sales tax on each taxable transaction and then pays that tax on a monthly basis to the Texas Comptroller's Office. WEDC's portion will be reimbursed based on the twelve-month accumulation of Comptroller sales tax receipts. Recapture is not applicable.

F. Capital Assets

WEDC's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increa		creases	Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Real estate held for development	\$	356,269	\$	40,604	\$	135,417	\$ 261,456
Total capital assets not being depreciated		356,269	,	40,604		135,417	261,456
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Leasehold improvements		11,020		-		-	11,020
Furniture and fixtures		42,153		_		_	 42,153
Total capital assets being depreciated		53,173					53,173
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Leasehold improvements		8,964		431		_	9,395
Furniture and fixtures		37,174		2,772		_	 39,946
Total accumulated depreciation		46,138		3,203			 49,341
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		7,035		(3,203)			 3,832
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	363,304	\$	37,401	\$	135,417	\$ 265,288

G. Operating Lease Agreements

Lease Expense Agreements

WEDC leases its office facilities from the City on an annual lease agreement that requires \$1,154 per month for office space and \$1,000 per year for administrative support. Either WEDC or the City can terminate this lease by giving 30 days notice. For the year ended September 30, 2021, \$14,851 was paid under this agreement.

Lease Income Agreements

WEDC entered into a five-year lease of agricultural land effective February 1, 2020. WEDC may terminate the lease with 30 days notice should the property be sold for economic development purposes. During the fiscal year 2021, WEDC received \$2,100 from the lease.

H. Related Party Transactions

During the normal course of business, WEDC purchased goods and services from businesses in and around the City of Wharton. On occasion, there are companies that WEDC conducted business with that are owned wholly by, partially owned by, or employers of members of the Board of Directors of WEDC. WEDC has established conflict of interest policies, as are outlined in WEDC's by-laws, which provide procedures when a business transaction involves a conflict of interest and/or the appearance of self-dealing with employees, officers, or board members of WEDC.

H. Related Party Transactions - (Continued)

The City pays WEDC's payroll each month from City funds, and WEDC generally reimburses the City the following month. At September 30, 2021, WEDC owed the City \$19,708 for wages and benefits previously paid by the City. WEDC also owed the City \$150,000 for parks and pool maintenance.

On January 4, 2021, WEDC deeded property to the City for the FM 1301 extension project. This property, a 5.0574 acre parcel of land situated in the William Kincheloe League, Abstract No. 38 of Wharton County, was originally purchased by WEDC from the Union Pacific Railroad Company in 2008 for \$135,417.

Commitments

As of September 30, 2021, WEDC had approved but not yet paid \$43,380 for business restoration grants and other various construction projects. WEDC has committed to paying \$23,886 in sales tax rebates, \$14,556 in business disaster loans, and \$9,938 for various construction projects related to improving the City's commercial properties. These commitments are being funded by the sales tax revenues received from the City.

In addition, WEDC has a commitment to the Wharton Downtown Business Association in the amount of \$15,350. On February 12, 2020, the Wharton Industrial Foundation (WIF) Board voted to donate \$217,500 to WEDC with the stipulations of: (a) \$50,000 be given to the Wharton Chamber of Commerce (Chamber) over a two-year period to help with general operating expenses and (b) \$50,000 be given to the Wharton Downtown Business Association Wayfinding Project (Project) sponsored by the Chamber, with WEDC funding an additional \$15,000 to complete the study. As of September 30, 2021, WEDC paid \$50,000 to the Chamber for operations, and \$49,650 to the Project. The Chamber operation funds have been disbursed in full, and the remaining Wharton Downtown Business Association funding will be disbursed for the Project as invoices are submitted and the project is completed. The remainder of the capital donated by the WIF to WEDC will be reserved to develop infrastructure on the land donated by the WIF in FY19 to bring it up to the "build-to-suit" level of development needed to attract employers.

J. Employees' Retirement Plan

WEDC provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, defined benefit plan in the statewide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The employees of WEDC are treated as employees of the City of Wharton for retirement plan purposes. Please see Note 7 for discussions relative to the funding arrangements.

K. Subsequent Event

WEDC entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Wharton on December 20, 2021 wherein the City agrees to construct and rehabilitate the extension of FM 1301 from State Highway 60 to U.S. 59 in Wharton, TX (the "Project") in exchange for a contribution from WEDC in the amount of \$9,573,477. The contribution shall be made payable to the City through annual transfers of one-half of the annual debt service for the City's Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021, beginning in May 2022. No annual payment by WEDC shall exceed \$345,785. If the expenditures of the Project are less than \$19,146,952, WEDC's obligation will be reduced proportionately.



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2021 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2020

		20	21		2020
				Variance	
	Original	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 3,294,216	\$ 3,268,907	\$ 3,387,800	\$ 118,893	\$ 3,199,531
Licenses and permits	164,507	164,507	195,539	31,032	193,142
Intergovernmental	342,000	1,006,250	998,994	(7,256)	649,204
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	17,903	7,903	4,776
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	269,750	194,750	192,264	(2,486)	252,901
	20,000	20,000	12,431	(7,569)	28,481
Industrial district fee	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,702,079	2,079	2,138,336
Miscellaneous	27,000	27,000	10,611	(16,389)	25,233
Total revenues	5,827,473	6,391,414	6,517,621	126,207	6,491,604
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	1,147,250	1,832,083	1,879,501	(47,418)	1,371,569
Public safety	3,975,468	3,806,879	3,726,458	80,421	3,717,502
Public works	1,338,031	1,307,933	1,264,315	43,618	1,267,415
Cultural and recreation	74,575	105,070	95,517	9,553	50,985
Capital outlay	303,000	350,000	334,257	15,743	355,524
Total expenditures	6,838,324	7,401,965	7,300,048	101,917	6,762,995
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	(1,010,851) (1,010,551)	(782,427)	228,124	(271,391)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	35,000	35,000	22,128	(12,872)	_
Transfers in	975,851	975,851	975,851	_	970,257
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	(300)	(200)	100	(350,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,010,851	1,010,551	997,779	(12,772)	620,257
Net change in fund balance	-	-	215,352	215,352	348,866
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,709,899	2,709,899	2,709,899		2,361,033
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,709,899	\$ 2,709,899	\$ 2,925,251	\$ 215,352	\$ 2,709,899

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION Last ten years

			Mea	surement Year	
		2014		2015	 2016
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost Interest (on the total pension liability) Changes of benefit terms	\$	392,673 883,991	\$	467,271 935,232	\$ 486,516 964,799
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(148,089) -		(69,977) 87,049	(3,204)
contributions		(458,381)		(409,355)	 (583,296)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		670,194		1,010,220	864,815
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		12,661,298		13,331,492	 14,341,712
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	13,331,492	\$	14,341,712	\$ 15,206,527
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$	329,560 224,191 690,883	\$	319,404 241,608 18,970	\$ 299,573 247,717 878,757
contributions Administrative expense Other		(458,381) (7,213) (593)		(409,355) (11,554) (570)	 (583,296) (9,933) (536)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		778,447		158,503	832,282
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		12,076,821		12,855,268	 13,013,771
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$</u>	12,855,268	\$	13,013,771	\$ 13,846,053
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	476,224	\$	1,327,941	\$ 1,360,474
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		96.43%		90.74%	91.05%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	4,483,820	\$	4,832,168	\$ 4,954,339
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		10.62%		27.48%	27.46%

NOTE: Information for the prior three years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next three years as provided by TMRS on a "measurement date" basis.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

 2017	 Measurer	nent		 2020
 2017	 2018		2019	 2020
\$ 530,477 1,026,605	\$ 530,197 1,087,522	\$	528,073 1,142,292	\$ 562,158 1,202,021
(117,320) -	(250,455) -		(148,826) (10,902)	(168,768) -
 (525,617)	 (548,659)		(560,931)	 (724,675)
914,145	818,605		949,706	870,736
 15,206,527	 16,120,672		16,939,277	 17,888,983
\$ 16,120,672	\$ 16,939,277	\$	17,888,983	\$ 18,759,719
\$ 335,008 271,482 1,917,689	\$ 333,407 271,062 (474,041)	\$	317,492 269,976 2,380,744	\$ 331,708 290,972 1,350,644
 (525,617) (9,945) (502)	 (548,659) (9,167) (480)		(560,931) (13,458) (405)	 (724,675) (8,743) (341)
1,988,115	(427,878)		2,393,418	1,239,565
 13,846,053	 15,834,167		15,406,289	 17,799,707
\$ 15,834,168	\$ 15,406,289	\$	17,799,707	\$ 19,039,272
\$ 286,504	\$ 1,532,988	\$	89,276	\$ (279,553)
98.22%	90.95%		99.50%	101.49%
\$ 5,429,650	\$ 5,421,238	\$	5,399,517	\$ 5,819,444
5.28%	28.28%		1.65%	-4.80%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION Last ten fiscal years

			F	iscal Year		
		2015		2016	2017	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	313,995	\$	298,670	\$	327,765
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(317,405)		(308,435)	<u></u>	(339,250)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	(3,410)	\$	(9,765)	\$	(11,485)
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,629,029	\$	4,817,630	\$	5,339,237
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.86%		6.40%		6.35%

NOTE: Information for the prior three fiscal years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next three fiscal years.

		Fisca	l Year			
2018 2019		2020			2021	
\$ 329,837	\$	321,961	\$	340,877	\$	309,962
 (341,254)		(333,697)		(354,367)	-	(323,444)
\$ (11,417)	\$	(11,736)	\$	(13,490)	\$	(13,482)
\$ 5,358,388	\$	5,404,745	\$	5,931,798	\$	5,676,696
6.37%		6.17%		5.97%		5.70%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT Last ten years

	Measurement Year						
		2017		2018		2019	
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost Interest (on the total OPEB liability) Change of benefit terms	\$	8,687 7,836 -	\$	9,758 7,992 -	\$	9,179 8,401 -	
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments		- 18,706 (1,629)		(14,135) (16,432) (1,627)		4,888 48,378 (2,160)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		33,600		(14,444)		68,686	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		203,778		237,378		222,934	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	237,378	\$	222,934	\$	291,620	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	5,429,650	\$	5,421,238	\$	5,399,517	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		4.37%		4.11%		5.40%	

NOTE: Information for the prior six years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next six years as provided by TMRS on a "measurement date" basis.

Ме	asurement Year	
	2020	
	2020	
\$	12,803	
	8,172	
	-	
	(773)	
	48,274	•
	(1,746)	
	66,730	
	291,620	
\$	358,350	
\$	5,819,444	
	6.16%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year						
		2018		2019	2020		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	1,608	\$	2,008	\$	1,933	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(1,608)		(2,008)		(1,933)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,358,388	\$	5,404,745	\$	5,931,798	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.0300%		0.0372%		0.0326%	

NOTE: Information for the prior six years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next six years.

Fiscal
Year
2021

\$ 4,680

(4,680)

\$ \$ 5,676,696

0.0824%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2021

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY LEGAL COMPLIANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City complied with budgetary restrictions at all departmental levels in the General Fund except for the following:

			ľ	Negative
Department	 Budget	 Actual	_\	/ariance
General Fund				
Grants	\$ 655,513	\$ 743,996	\$	(88,483)

NOTE 3: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
/ totali lai Oost Motiloa	Littly / tqc i tollilai

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific

to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of

the period 2014-2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of

Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety tables used for males and the General employee tables used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis

with scale UMP.

Other Information

There were no benefit changes during the year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2021

NOTE 4: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN - OPEB

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

There were no changes in plan provisions during the year.

Changes in Assumptions

• Discount rate decreased to 2.00% from 2.75%.



ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2021

ASSETS	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 121,847 69,974 13,888 188,435 \$ 394,144	\$ 2,816,693 - 258,493 - - \$ 3,075,186	\$ 2,938,540 69,974 272,381 188,435 \$ 3,469,330	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 154,349 351,558 505,907	\$ 210,827 1,057,543 1,268,370	\$ 365,176 1,409,101 1,774,277	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	160,843 160,843		160,843 160,843	
FUND BALANCES Restricted Cultural and recreation Municipal court Public safety	76,846 64,160 35,467	- -	76,846 64,160 35,467	
Various capital projects Committed Various capital projects Unassigned Total fund balances	(449,079) (272,606)	1,755,494 219,345 (168,023) 1,806,816	1,755,494 219,345 (617,102) 1,534,210	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 394,144	\$ 3,075,186	\$ 3,469,330	

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2021

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital ds Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 244,43 321,11 24,85 56 19 591,16	13 140,216 55 - 67 10,697 -	\$ 244,434 461,329 24,855 11,264 197 742,079
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Public works Cultural and recreation Capital outlay Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	197,67 17,12 1,54 27,66 144,7 34,20 2,93 425,88	27 - 40 556,465 65 - 550,914 00 - 33 -	197,677 17,127 558,005 27,665 695,625 34,200 2,933 1,533,232
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	165,3		(791,153)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	5,72 (220,74 (215,02	13)	105,722 (220,743) (115,021)
Net change in fund balances	(49,70	08) (856,466)	(906,174)
Fund balances at beginning of year	(222,89	2,663,282	2,440,384
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (272,60	<u>\$ 1,806,816</u>	\$ 1,534,210

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The City maintains nine Special Revenue Funds. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - Accounts for the collection of hotel and motel taxes collected within the City.

Municipal Court Technology and Building Security Funds - Account for funds received in addition to municipal court fines to enhance these specific areas.

Narcotics Control Fund - Accounts for the funds received from narcotics contraband seized within the City as a result of a final conviction or forfeiture by the federal government and the State of Texas. The funds are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes and for matching funds for LLEBG and other law enforcement grants.

Fire Department Special Fund - Accounts for funds received from services rendered by the Wharton Volunteer Fire Department and used for the purchase of fire department equipment and supplies.

Railroad Depot Restoration Fund - Accounts for the railroad restoration project financed by grant proceeds and local contributions.

Disaster Relief Fund - Accounts for the activities of the City associated with disasters such as floods, hurricanes, etc.

Special Funding Fund - Accounts for the activities related to the Texas Department of Emergency Management (TDEM) projects.

Hurricane Harvey Infrastructure Fund - Accounts for the activities of the City for drainage improvements associated with Hurricane Harvey flooding. These drainage infrastructure improvements will facilitate proper stormwater conveyance and reduce the impact of future flooding.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2021

	Ho	otel/Motel Tax	(unicipal Court chnology		arcotics Control	Depa	Fire artment pecial
ASSETS						-		
Current assets	_				_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,715	\$	2,213	\$	47,041	\$	395
Receivables, net Accounts		60.074						
Due from other funds		69,974		5,747		-		-
Due from other governments		_		5,747		_		_
Due from other governments								
Total assets	\$	79,689	\$	7,960	\$	47,041	\$	395
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,737	\$	-	\$	11,969	\$	-
Due to other funds		700		_		-		
Total liabilities		3,437				11,969	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		_						
Total deferred inflows of resources				<u>-</u>				
FUND BALANCES Restricted								
Cultural and recreation		76,252		_		_		_
Municipal court		-		7,960		_		-
Public safety		-		-		35,072		395
Unassigned				<u>-</u>				
Total fund balances		76,252		7,960		35,072		395
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	79,689	\$	7,960	\$	47,041	\$	395

В	unicipal Court Building Security	D	uilroad epot toration	Disaster Relief				Hurricane Harvey Infrastructure		Total	
\$	55,777	\$	205	\$	-	\$	6,478	\$	23	\$	121,847
	- 423 -		700 -		6,748 52,693		270 135,742		- - -		69,974 13,888 188,435
\$	56,200	\$	905	<u>\$</u>	59,441	<u>\$</u>	142,490	\$	23	\$	394,144
\$ 		\$	311 	\$ 	3,590 286,910 290,500	\$	135,742 6,748 142,490	\$	57,200 57,200	\$	154,349 351,558 505,907
			-		25,101 25,101		135,742 135,742		<u>-</u>		160,843 160,843
	56,200 - - 56,200		594 - - - - 594		(256,160) (256,160)	_	- - (135,742) (135,742)		- - - (57,177) (57,177)	_	76,846 64,160 35,467 (449,079) (272,606)
\$	56,200	\$	905	\$	59,441	\$	142,490	\$	23	\$	394,144

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2021

	H0	otel/Motel Tax	Municipal Court Technology	Narcotics Control	Fire Department Special
REVENUES Taxes	\$	244,434	\$ -	\$	- \$ -
Intergovernmental	Ψ	244,454	Ψ -	Ψ	- ψ -
Fines and forfeitures			11,208	7,402	-) _
Investment income		99	9	202	
Miscellaneous		_	-	97	
Total revenues		244,533	11,217	7,70	1 2
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government		-	4,085		
Public safety		-	-	17,127	7 -
Public works		-	-		-
Cultural and recreation		21,920	-		-
Capital Outlay		-	-		-
Debt service					
Principal retirement		-	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		24.020	4.005	47.40	- <u> </u>
Total expenditures		21,920	4,085	17,127	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		222,613	7,132	(9,426	5) 2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		(000 740)	-		
Transfers out		(220,743)			<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(220,743)			
Net change in fund balances		1,870	7,132	(9,426	5) 2
Fund balances at beginning of year		74,382	828	44,498	393
Fund balances at end of year	\$	76,252	\$ 7,960	\$ 35,072	2 \$ 395

Municipal Court Building Security	Railroad Depot Restoration	Disaster Relief	Special Funding	Total		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244,434	
- 6,245	-	233,912	27,169	60,032	321,113 24,855	
238	2	- -	- -	15	24,033 567	
	100		<u>-</u>		197	
6,483	102	233,912	27,169	60,047	591,166	
-	-	-	162,911	30,681	197,677	
-	-	- 1,540	-	-	17,127 1,540	
_	5,745	1,040	- -	-	27,665	
-	, -	58,159	-	86,552	144,711	
-	-	34,200	-	-	34,200	
		2,933			2,933	
	5,745	96,832	162,911	117,233	425,853	
6,483	(5,643)	137,080	(135,742)	(57,186)	165,313	
-	5,722	-	-	-	5,722	
		-			(220,743)	
	5,722		_		(215,021)	
6,483	79	137,080	(135,742)	(57,186)	(49,708)	
49,717	515	(393,240)	_	9	(222,898)	
\$ 56,200	\$ 594	\$ (256,160)	\$ (135,742)	\$ (57,177)	\$ (272,606)	

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

The City maintains ten Capital Project Funds: the 2011 Bond Construction Fund, the 2013 Bond Construction Fund, the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds Fund, the Capital Improvement Fund, the 2015 Bond Construction Fund, the 2017 Tax Notes Fund, the 2019 Bond Construction Fund, the 2019 Tax Notes Fund the 2020 Tax Notes Fund, and the FM 1301 Project Fund. The purpose of these funds is to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets. Capital Project Funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The 2019 Bond Construction Fund, the 2019 Tax Notes Fund, the 2020 Tax Notes Fund, and the FM 1301 Project Fund are reported as major funds.

Capital Improvement Fund - Accounts for monies transferred from other City funds for the improvement and construction of the City's streets.

2011 Bond Construction Fund - Accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2011 Certificates of Obligation.

2013 Bond Construction Fund - Accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2013 Certificates of Obligation.

2015 Bond Construction Fund - Accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2015 Certificates of Obligation.

Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds Fund - Accounts for the use of the proceeds from the bonds for utility cost reduction measures in City buildings and facilities.

2017 Tax Notes Fund - Accounts for the use of the proceeds from the City's 2017 Tax Notes.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2021

ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	Capital Improvement \$ 345,431			011 Bond onstruction 1,185,427	013 Bond onstruction 8,148	2015 Bond Construction \$ 142,242	
Due from other funds				257,756	 		
Total assets	\$	345,431	\$	1,443,183	\$ 8,148	\$	142,242
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	126,086	\$	1,000 	\$ - 176,171	\$	-
Total liabilities		126,086		1,000	 176,171		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Restricted							
Various capital projects Committed		-		1,442,183	-		142,242
Various capital projects Unassigned		219,345		- -	 - (168,023)		<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		219,345		1,442,183	 (168,023)		142,242
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	345,431	\$	1,443,183	\$ 8,148	\$	142,242

Qualified ergy Cons. Bonds		2017 Tax Notes	Total				
\$ 811,416 737	\$	324,029 	\$	2,816,693 258,493			
\$ 812,153	<u>\$</u>	324,029	<u>\$</u>	3,075,186			
\$ 83,741 639,970	\$	- 241,402	\$	210,827 1,057,543			
 723,711		241,402		1,268,370			
88,442		82,627		1,755,494			
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		219,345 (168,023)			
 88,442		82,627		1,806,816			
\$ 812,153	\$	324,029	\$	3,075,186			

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended September 30, 2021

	Capital Improvement	·		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ - 2,186	\$ - 7,320	\$ - 29	\$ - 647
Total revenues	2,186	7,320	29	647
EXPENDITURES Current				
Public works Capital outlay	581 550,914	555,884 	-	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	551,495	555,884		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(549,309)	(548,564)	29	647
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	100,000			<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	100,000			
Net change in fund balances	(449,309)	(548,564)	29	647
Fund balances at beginning of year	668,654	1,990,747	(168,052)	141,595
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 219,345	\$ 1,442,183	\$ (168,023)	\$ 142,242

Qualified Energy Cons. Bonds		 2017 Tax Notes	Total			
\$	- 	\$ 140,216 515 140,731	\$	140,216 10,697 150,913		
	- - -	 - 		556,465 550,914 1,107,379		
	-	140,731		(956,466)		
-		 <u>-</u>		100,000		
	-	140,731		(856,466)		
	88,442	 (58,104)		2,663,282		
\$	88,442	\$ 82,627	\$	1,806,816		

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is a constitutional fund and is utilized to account for all of the City's revenues and expenditures except those which are required to be classed in other constitutional funds and such other funds that are presented separately to facilitate proper accountability.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2021

With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2020

		2021		2020
REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Taxes				
Ad valorem	\$ 509,000	\$ 518,248	\$ 9,248	\$ 616,834
Sales	1,687,000	1,756,635	69,635	1,520,302
Franchise	1,072,907	1,112,917	40,010	1,062,395
Licenses and permits	164,507	195,539	31,032	193,142
Intergovernmental	1,006,250	998,994	(7,256)	649,204
Charges for services	10,000	17,903	7,903	4,776
Fines and forfeitures	194,750	192,264	(2,486)	252,901
Investment income	20,000	12,431	(7,569)	28,481
Industrial district fee	1,700,000	1,702,079	2,079	2,138,336
Miscellaneous	27,000	10,611	(16,389)	25,233
Total revenues	6,391,414	6,517,621	126,207	6,491,604
EXPENDITURES Current General government				
Mayor and council	19,900	17,130	2,770	19,404
City manager	295,366	292,201	3,165	322,669
City secretary	166,012	159,130	6,882	122,154
Legal and professional	54,500	48,423	6,077	53,941
Finance	321,202	309,803	11,399	300,660
Municipal court	175,290	169,510	5,780	160,264
Central services	144,300	139,308	4,992	164,870
Grants	655,513	743,996	(88,483)	227,607
Total general government	1,832,083	1,879,501	(47,418)	1,371,569
Public safety				
Police	2,291,405	2,260,382	31,023	2,344,453
Fire	424,396	404,206	20,190	399,466
Code enforcement	304,699	293,236	11,463	265,410
Emergency management	128,180	123,450	4,730	104,596
Animal control	69,199	65,405	3,794	66,842
Communications	589,000	579,779	9,221	536,735
Total public safety	3,806,879	3,726,458	80,421	3,717,502
Public works				
Streets and drainage	943,128	928,234	14,894	879,112
Garage	130,561	121,524	9,037	138,890
Facilities maintenance	234,244	214,557	19,687	249,413
Total public works	1,307,933	1,264,315	43,618	1,267,415
				(continued)

(continued)

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2021 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2020

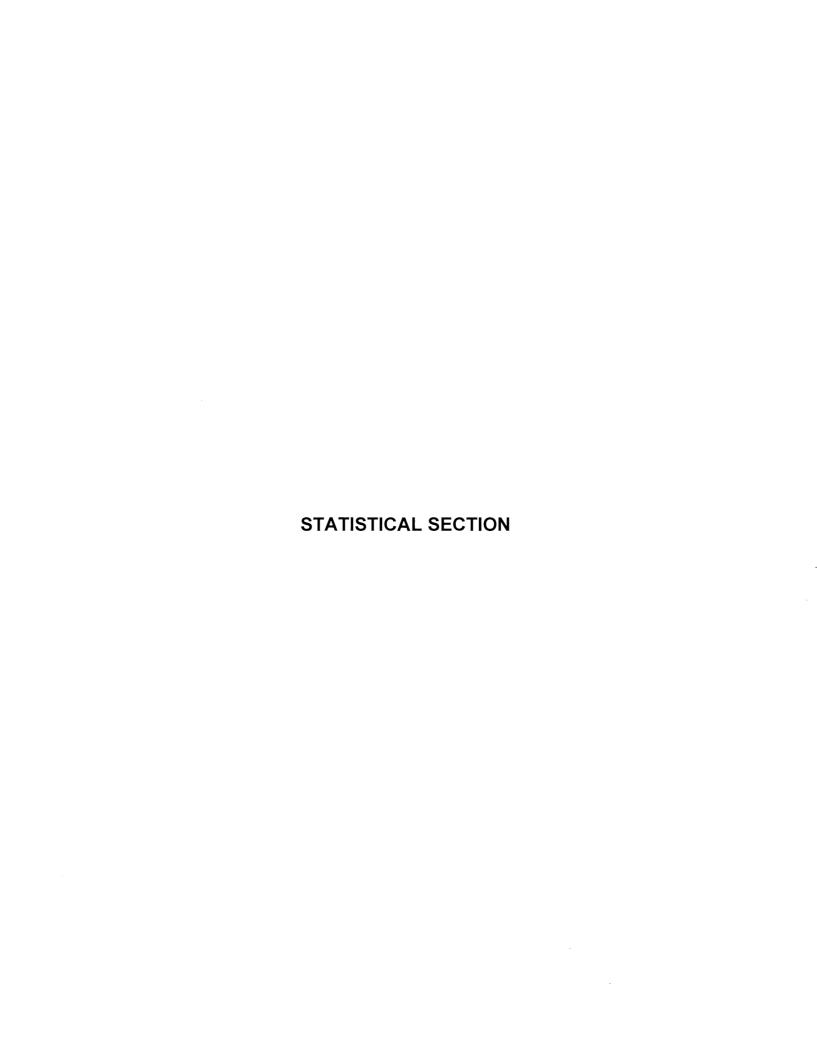
			2021			 2020
		Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)	 Actual
EXPENDITURES - (Continued) Current - (continued) Cultural and recreation						
Recreation Community pool	\$	49,660 55,410	\$ 48,392 47,125	\$	1,268 8,285	\$ 41,351 9,634
Total cultural and recreation	_	105,070	 95,517		9,553	 50,985
Capital outlay		350,000	 334,257		15,743	 355,524
Total expenditures		7,401,965	 7,300,048		101,917	 6,762,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,010,551)	(782,427)		228,124	(271,391)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out		35,000 975,851 (300)	 22,128 975,851 (200)		(12,872) - 100	 970,257 (350,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,010,551	 997,779		(12,772)	 620,257
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		215,352	\$	215,352	348,866
Fund balance at beginning of year			 2,709,899			 2,361,033
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,925,251			\$ 2,709,899
						(concluded)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt	Service	Fund	is us	sed to	account	for	and	report	financial	resources	that	are	restricted,	committed	or
assigned t	o expen	diture 1	for g	enera	l governm	ent	debt	princip	al and int	terest.					

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2021 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2020

		2021		2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,596,028	\$ 1,773,195	\$ 177,167	\$ 1,618,647
Investment income	10,000	3,373	(6,627)	12,251
Total revenues	1,606,028	1,776,568	170,540	1,630,898
EXPENDITURES Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,171,028	1,476,829	(305,801)	1,093,959
Interest and fiscal charges	403,000	450,285	(47,285)	439,057
Total expenditures	1,574,028	1,927,114	(353,086)	1,533,016
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	32,000	(150,546)	(182,546)	97,882
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Net change in fund balance	32,000	(150,546)	(182,546)	97,882
Fund balance at beginning of year	614,579	614,579		516,697
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 646,579	\$ 464,033	\$ (182,546)	\$ 614,579



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	103
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes and water and sewer revenues	114
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	125
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments	131
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs	133

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (1)

Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year										
	2012	2013	2014	2015							
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 6,145,777 506,706 1,557,758	555,253	5,203,356 \$ 491,100 1,713,091	5,276,256 540,953 1,328,869							
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 8,210,238	<u>\$ 7,533,495</u> <u>\$</u>	7,407,547 \$	7,146,078							
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 13,128,337 533,059		13,575,582 \$ 725,541	13,273,028 1,277,183							
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 13,661,396	\$ 14,328,300 \$	14,301,123 \$	14,550,211							
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 19,274,114 506,706 2,090,814	555,253	18,778,938 \$ 491,100 2,438,632	18,549,284 540,953 2,606,052							
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 21,871,634	<u>\$ 21,861,795</u> <u>\$</u>	21,708,670 \$	21,696,289							

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this new standard.

	Fiscal Year												
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		
\$	5,049,412 560,730 1,520,167	\$	5,849,449 626,562 1,136,105	\$	6,021,228 577,404 1,374,526	\$	5,346,151 692,423 2,036,153	\$	8,616,589 767,053 1,036,338	\$	10,035,006 601,106 2,896,638		
\$	7,130,309	\$	7,612,116	\$	7,973,158	\$	8,074,727	\$	10,419,980	\$	13,532,750		
\$	14,570,164 (350,995)	\$	15,009,120 (965,105)	\$	14,992,726 (1,081,334)	\$	15,399,868 (1,539,598)	\$	14,956,280 (482,778)	\$	14,674,540 1,191,961		
\$	14,219,169	\$	14,044,015	\$	13,911,392	 \$	13,860,270	 \$	14,473,502	\$	15,866,501		
=	, ,	<u>*</u>	, ,	<u> </u>	,	<u>*</u>		<u>-T</u>		<u> </u>			
\$	19,619,576 560,730 1,169,172	\$	20,858,569 626,562 171,000	\$	21,013,954 577,404 293,192	\$	20,746,019 692,423 496,555	\$	23,572,869 767,053 553,560	\$	24,709,546 601,106 4,088,599		
<u>\$</u>	21,349,478	\$	21,656,131	\$	21,884,550	\$	21,934,997	\$	24,893,482	\$	29,399,251		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1) Last ten fiscal years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities	 		 	
Expenses				
General government	\$ 976,628	\$ 926,431	\$ 902,639	\$ 956,481
Public safety	3,265,404	3,430,366	3,686,833	3,560,086
Public works	1,416,172	1,576,819	1,856,576	1,830,354
Culture and recreation	215,656	215,061	209,509	216,496
Interest on long-term debt	381,827	 388,653	 542,435	 410,719
Total expenses	 6,255,687	 6,537,330	 7,197,992	 6,974,136
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
General government	299,099	317,267	331,367	359,180
Public safety	5,647	42,882	399	900
Culture and recreation	8,616	10,941	5,745	8,995
Operating grants and contributions	15,631	2,238	99,327	125,634
Capital grants and contributions	 423,264	 50,000	 547,318	250,000
Total program revenues	 752,257	 423,328	 984,156	 744,709
Total governmental activities net program				
expense	(5,503,430)	(6,114,002)	(6,213,836)	(6,229,427)
General revenues and other changes in net				
position				
Taxes				
Property taxes	1,962,365	1,926,421	1,906,728	1,906,722
Sales taxes	1,313,677	1,274,114	1,252,647	1,295,561
Franchise taxes	973,486	1,047,976	1,052,147	1,077,112
Other taxes	190,162	196,669	181,243	217,309
Unrestricted investment earnings	8,999	8,052	13,075	10,942
Industrial district payment	504,314	922,448	905,337	877,318
Miscellaneous	95,580 504,673	70,872	162,529	59,034
Transfers	 504,673	 437,439	 614,162	 788,246
Total general revenues and other changes				
in net position	 5,553,256	 5,883,991	 6,087,868	 6,232,244
Total governmental activities change in				
net position	\$ 49,826	\$ (230,011)	\$ (125,968)	\$ 2,817

0040	0047	0040		0040			
 2016	 2017	 2018		2019	 2020	_	2021
\$ 1,033,645 3,732,614 1,925,823 247,724 437,013 7,376,819	\$ 1,538,531 3,999,508 1,877,799 260,815 391,646 8,068,299	\$ 1,883,507 3,926,999 1,716,963 281,150 416,720 8,225,339	\$	1,673,997 4,106,591 2,283,018 309,231 552,115 8,924,952	\$ 1,370,729 3,964,243 2,316,110 169,331 364,595 8,185,008	\$	2,091,202 3,897,625 2,575,512 174,013 699,387 9,437,739
 390,566 6,040 8,877 159,932 497,778	 457,165 12,633 7,661 606,537 887,238 1,971,234	 453,443 5,493 8,481 886,952 402,609 1,756,978		417,544 14,332 11,468 694,606 248,862 1,386,812	 476,150 21,943 245 959,479 384,221 1,842,038		426,176 4,065 100 1,048,426 3,248,651 4,727,418
(6,313,626)	(6,097,065)	(6,468,361)		(7,538,140)	(6,342,970)		(4,710,321)
 1,929,445 1,391,868 1,101,070 252,562 15,218 830,603 76,199 700,892	 1,905,008 1,283,407 1,122,792 279,726 20,409 1,059,353 104,429 803,748	 1,920,441 1,416,116 1,107,947 376,852 26,188 1,276,673 139,594 728,312		1,927,053 1,527,344 1,052,182 229,048 69,070 1,882,084 88,945 863,983	 2,211,395 1,520,302 1,062,395 193,718 128,767 2,138,336 58,171 942,268		2,233,757 1,756,635 1,112,917 244,434 80,049 1,702,079 81,357 802,471
 6,297,857	 6,578,872	 6,992,123		7,639,709	 8,255,352		8,013,699
\$ (15,769)	\$ 481,807	\$ 523,762	<u>\$</u>	101,569	\$ 1,912,382	\$	3,303,378

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1) Last ten fiscal years

	2012		2013	2014		2015
Business-type activities	 			 		
Expenses						
Water and sewer	\$ 2,214,274	\$	2,377,966	\$ 2,656,570	\$	2,561,784
Solid waste	1,250,313		1,300,929	1,289,653		1,343,826
Emergency medical services	1,243,579		1,395,931	1,669,455		1,771,503
Civic center	216,926		200,266	225,854		234,636
Airport	 258,427		262,912	 268,944		267,542
Total expenses	 5,183,519		5,538,004	 6,110,476		6,179,291
Program revenues						
Charges for services						
Water and sewer	2,840,140		2,999,959	3,140,678		3,219,570
Solid waste	1,299,841		1,338,967	1,345,910		1,379,460
Emergency medical services	801,108		840,708	833,862		963,612
Civic center	59,474		55,344	82,269		74,102
Airport	182,194		177,845	173,920		171,931
Operating grants and contributions	764,282		775,650	898,511		847,681
Capital grants and contributions	 604,906		451,639	 219,868		628,072
Total program revenues	 6,551,945		6,640,112	 6,695,018		7,284,428
Total business-type activities net program						
expense	1,368,426		1,102,108	584,542		1,105,137
General revenues and other changes in net						
position						
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,675		2,235	2,463		2,451
Miscellaneous	16,600		(407.400)	(04.4.400)		(700.040)
Transfers	 (504,673)	-	(437,439)	 (614,182)	-	(788,246)
Total general revenues and other changes						
in net position	 (486,398)		(435,204)	 (611,719)		(785,795)
Total business-type activities change in						
net position	\$ 882,028	\$	666,904	\$ (27,177)	<u>\$</u>	319,342
Total primary government change in						
net position	\$ 931,854	\$	436,893	\$ (153,145)	\$	322,159

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this new standard.

	2016		2017		2018	 2019		2020	-	2021
\$	2,886,182 1,332,985 2,067,077	\$	2,989,213 1,498,067 2,260,933	\$	3,239,252 1,445,264 2,313,208	\$ 3,154,572 1,494,216 2,216,326	\$	2,925,024 1,566,383 2,236,471	\$	3,154,855 1,570,331 2,146,602
	285,146 296,475		263,521 319,099		268,924 350,530	314,049 352,242		269,692 336,682		279,505 328,225
						 <u> </u>				
	6,867,865		7,330,833		7,617,178	 7,531,405		7,334,252		7,479,518
	3,585,465 1,401,478 825,885 76,282 211,211 1,036,169 99,446 7,235,936		3,742,104 1,475,518 774,356 84,736 210,464 1,451,379 216,716 7,955,273		4,048,367 1,465,834 827,044 91,518 225,944 1,584,219 75,000 8,317,926	 4,126,572 1,476,178 802,705 115,076 215,112 1,506,827 91,924 8,334,394		4,444,064 1,469,441 773,425 45,524 248,440 1,893,693 - 8,874,587	_	5,099,320 1,544,429 790,523 59,820 219,235 1,824,512 116,283 9,654,122
	1,779		4,154		7,189	9,872		15,165		6,066
	1,779		4,134		7,109	9,072		15, 165		14,800
	(700,892)		(803,748)		(728,312)	(863,983)		(942,268)		(802,471)
	(699,113)		(799,594)		(721,123)	 (854,111)		(927,103)	Professor	(781,605)
<u>\$</u>	(331,042)	<u>\$</u>	(175,154)	\$	(20,375)	\$ (51,122)	<u>\$</u>	613,232	<u>\$</u>	1,392,999
\$	(346,811)	\$	306,653	\$	503,387	\$ 50,447	\$	2,525,614	<u>\$</u>	4,696,377 (concluded)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

				Fisca	l Year			
		2012		2013		2014		2015
General Fund						,		
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	\$	21,109	\$	19,499	\$	26,809	\$	7,847
Inventory		-		_		-		-
Long-term interfund advances		500,000		350,000		325,000		430,000
Unassigned		1,041,539		1,257,474		1,366,287	_	1,289,786
Total general fund	<u>\$</u>	1,562,648	<u>\$</u>	1,626,973	\$	1,718,096	\$	1,727,633
All Other Governmental Funds								
Restricted								
Retirement of long-term debt	\$	415,415	\$	419,775	\$	436,098	\$	468,843
Arts and tourism		84,922		69,706		76,610		75,716
Municipal court		13,215		17,787		21,373		26,463
Public safety		22,709		69,537		12,660		19,841
Various capital projects		3,712,559		3,062,743		3,100,671		3,036,452
Committed								
Various capital projects		-		6,137		65,686		18,886
Unassigned		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-		(141,516)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	4,248,820	\$	3,645,685	\$	3,713,098	\$	3,504,685

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

					Fisca	l Yea	r			
	2016	-	2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021
\$	11,767 - 430,000 1,320,205	\$	15,648 - 430,000 1,251,623	\$	29,107 - 430,000 1,460,523	\$	14,163 - 430,000 1,916,870	\$	1,541 7,341 430,000 2,271,017	\$ 387 10,509 330,000 2,584,355
\$	1,761,972	\$	1,697,271	<u>\$</u>	1,919,630	<u>\$</u>	2,361,033	<u>\$</u>	2,709,899	\$ 2,925,251
\$	426,192 85,835 33,954 42,700 2,703,475	\$	440,904 123,710 33,046 49,346 2,446,906	\$	383,852 118,783 40,614 59,818 2,999,354	\$	516,697 67,807 46,749 107,443 4,227,477	\$	614,579 74,897 50,545 44,900 2,612,817	\$ 464,033 76,846 64,160 35,467 17,755,362
_	23,987		123,601 (667,035)		- (416,566)		475,749 (178,162)		668,654 (2,214,847)	 219,345 (1,703,818
\$	3,316,143	\$	2,550,478	\$	3,185,855	\$	5,263,760	\$	1,851,545	\$ 16,911,395

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

		Year		
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,484,457	\$ 4,490,924	\$ 4,438,356	\$ 4,556,387
Licenses and permits	67,112	98,609	106,913	78,284
Intergovernmental	438,895	52,238	534,532	368,740
Charges for services	9,866	12,888	5,745	13,965
Fines and forfeitures	229,258	223,811	216,090	254,392
Investment income	8,999	8,052	13,075	10,942
Industrial district payment	504,314	922,448	905,337	877,318
Miscellaneous	47,695	57,932	165,450	30,626
Total revenues	5,790,596	5,866,902	6,385,498	6,190,654
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,030,106	880,776	853,986	915,778
Public safety	2,960,242	3,140,019	3,365,083	3,263,634
Public works	1,059,999	1,041,924	1,468,361	1,348,961
Culture and recreation	154,649	154,054	148,503	145,207
Capital outlay	1,021,435	788,817	2,126,657	992,335
Debt service				
Principal retirement	511,147	504,666	635,139	629,592
Interest and fiscal charges	390,180	401,535	369,490	415,373
Bond issuance costs	_		144,026	12,145
Total expenditures	7,127,758	6,911,791	9,111,245	7,723,025
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,337,162)	(1,044,889)	(2,725,747)	(1,532,371)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Debt issued	120,000	-	4,988,000	545,249
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	210,350	-
Payment to escrow	-	-	(3,048,579)	-
Sale of capital assets	26,349	22,707	59,109	-
Transfers in	707,117	668,700	832,403	1,135,081
Transfers out	(115,256)	(185,328)	(157,000)	(346,835)
Total other financing sources (uses)	738,210	506,079	2,884,283	1,333,495
Change in fund balances	\$ (598,952)	\$ (538,810)	\$ 158,536	\$ (198,876)
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	<u>14.76%</u>	<u>14.69%</u>	<u>14.29%</u>	<u>15.39%</u>

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

	Fiscal Year												
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		
\$	4,669,025 72,173 657,505 14,671 303,077 15,218 830,603 27,512	\$	4,630,579 107,737 1,018,415 7,736 335,266 20,409 1,059,353 62,125	\$	4,861,097 119,824 1,537,236 14,841 326,769 26,188 1,276,673 126,461	\$	4,779,888 142,304 1,171,153 16,744 258,884 69,070 1,882,084 61,148	\$	5,011,896 193,142 935,692 4,776 270,232 128,767 2,138,336 53,162	\$	5,405,429 195,539 4,457,519 17,903 217,119 80,049 1,702,079 10,808		
	6,589,784		7,241,620		8,289,089		8,381,275		8,736,003		12,086,445		
	980,663		1,452,868		1,846,867		1,497,409		1,376,659		2,081,311		
	3,380,267 1,459,995		3,548,522 1,269,851		3,585,001 1,156,208		3,673,300 1,169,600		3,722,089 1,747,706		3,743,585 2,027,654		
	173,288		185,054		203,807		232,049		129,357		123,182		
	1,301,302		1,537,300		857,068		1,210,587		4,217,282		6,576,269		
	672,323 413,034 34,897 8,415,769		737,577 409,857 - 9,141,029		880,490 400,536 33,929 8,963,906		1,238,778 327,829 233,921 9,583,473		1,127,209 440,874 - 12,761,176		1,511,029 453,218 282,753 16,799,001		
	(1,825,985)		(1,899,409)		(674,817)		(1,202,198)		(4,025,173)		(4,712,556)		
	911,692		237,211		829,600		7,154,050		-		19,105,000		
	36,798		-		-		631,325		-		-		
_	22,400 869,616 (168,724) 1,671,782	_	28,084 977,147 (173,399) 1,069,043		22,261 1,022,212 (293,900) 1,580,173	_	(4,927,852) - 1,827,716 (963,733) 3,721,506	_	1,422,757 (460,933) 961,824		22,128 1,081,573 (220,943) 19,987,758		
-	1,011,102		1,000,040		1,000,170	-	3,721,000		001,027		10,001,100		
<u>\$</u>	(154,203)	<u>\$</u>	(830,366)	<u>\$</u>	905,356	\$	2,519,308	\$	(3,063,349)	\$	15,275,202		
	<u>15.26%</u>		<u>14.84%</u>		<u>15.63%</u>		<u>17.40%</u>		<u>18.44%</u>		<u>19.11%</u>		

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Ad Valorem	Penalty and Interest	Sales	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	Total
2012	\$ 1,967,205	\$ 39,927	\$ 1,313,677	\$ 973,486	\$ 190,162	\$ 4,484,457
2013	1,940,658	31,507	1,274,114	1,047,976	196,669	4,490,924
2014	1,902,409	49,910	1,252,647	1,052,147	181,243	4,438,356
2015	1,921,229	45,176	1,295,561	1,077,112	217,309	4,556,387
2016	1,896,911	26,614	1,391,868	1,101,070	252,562	4,669,025
2017	1,912,854	31,800	1,283,407	1,122,792	279,726	4,630,579
2018	1,924,447	35,735	1,416,116	1,107,947	376,852	4,861,097
2019	1,938,334	32,980	1,527,344	1,052,182	229,048	4,779,888
2020	2,204,906	30,575	1,520,302	1,062,395	193,718	5,011,896
2021	2,239,613	51,830	1,756,635	1,112,917	244,434	5,405,429

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: Property tax revenues are 13.8% higher in FY20 due to an increase in tax rates as well as an increase in total adjusted taxable valuation from prior year.

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last ten fiscal years

		Real I	Property				Total Taxable	
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll	Residential Property	Non-Residential Property	Personal Property	Minerals	Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	Assessed Value Before Freeze	
2012	2011	\$158,551,625	\$ 292,890,841	\$ 100,583,287	\$ 13,350,409	\$152,812,236	\$ 412,563,926	
2013	2012	160,858,531	303,624,146	112,288,730	14,731,697	153,986,762	437,516,342	
2014	2013	158,970,406	308,221,307	115,595,295	13,288,647	155,859,770	440,215,885	
2015	2014	160,882,365	316,997,605	113,475,604	13,375,139	156,077,570	448,653,143	
2016	2015	163,259,708	307,892,863	107,946,641	13,236,985	147,283,978	445,052,219	
2017	2016	176,233,464	325,076,722	103,456,879	14,744,456	154,782,623	464,728,898	
2018	2017	194,285,276	330,156,401	102,569,810	14,300,774	159,501,700	481,810,561	
2019	2018	193,971,019	315,781,000	104,276,784	13,908,304	152,748,062	475,189,045	
2020	2019	220,378,808	340,118,282	109,571,702	13,517,540	164,667,344	518,918,988	
2021	2020	225,097,256	339,478,970	111,600,388	16,753,063	152,846,892	540,082,785	

(1) Includes tax-exempt property

NOTE: Property in the City is reassessed annually. The City assesses property at 100% of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: Wharton County Appraisal District

Total Freeze Taxable	Freeze Adjusted Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Tax Value Before Freeze Ceiling		Freeze Ceiling		Estimated Tax Value Including Freeze Ceiling		Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ (58,087,097)	\$ 354,476,829	\$ 0.48801	\$	1,729,882	\$	227,140	\$	1,957,022	100.00%
(57,858,612)	379,657,730	0.45023		1,709,333		227,122		1,936,455	100.00%
(55,784,991)	384,430,894	0.44563		1,713,139		220,267		1,933,406	100.00%
(56,612,009)	392,041,134	0.43202		1,693,696		223,270		1,916,966	100.00%
(59,084,772)	385,967,447	0.44205		1,706,169		228,687		1,934,856	100.00%
(62,108,003)	402,620,895	0.42450		1,709,126		233,753		1,942,879	100.00%
(68,613,716)	413,196,845	0.41008		1,694,438		247,433		1,941,871	100.00%
(70,243,405)	404,945,640	0.41594		1,684,331		248,485		1,932,815	100.00%
(76,475,637)	442,443,351	0.44535		1,970,421		256,307		2,226,728	100.00%
(81,190,677)	458,892,108	0.43726		2,006,552		268,337		2,274,889	100.00%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE Last ten fiscal years

	Cir	ty Direct Ra	tes	Overlapping Rates									
Fiscal Year	Debt Service	General Fund	Total	School District	Junior College	Fire District	(1) Wharton County	Groundwat <u>District</u>	er Total				
2012	\$0.2083	\$0.2797	\$0.4880	\$1.2404	\$0.1441	\$ 0.0300	\$ 0.4692	\$ 0.007	3 \$ 1.8910				
2013	0.1928	0.2574	0.4502	1.2259	0.1382	0.0300	0.5022	0.007	3 1.9036				
2014	0.2035	0.2421	0.4456	1.2149	0.1342	0.0300	0.4881	0.007	6 1.8748				
2015	0.2346	0.1975	0.4321	1.1970	0.1266	0.0300	0.4340	0.007	7 1.7953				
2016	0.2357	0.2064	0.4421	1.1971	0.1303	0.0300	0.4900	0.008	5 1.8559				
2017	0.2501	0.1744	0.4245	1.1970	0.1371	0.0300	0.4900	0.008	1.8626				
2018	0.2643	0.1458	0.4101	1.1970	0.1355	0.0500	0.4750	0.008	1.8660				
2019	0.3164	0.0995	0.4159	1.1970	0.1435	0.0500	0.4740	0.008	3 1.8727				
2020	0.3540	0.0914	0.4454	1.2864	0.1393	0.0500	0.4623	0.008	1.9460				
2021	0.3410	0.0962	0.4373	1.2865	0.1368	0.0500	0.4587	0.008	1.9400				

(1) Includes the Farm to Market and Lateral Roads Tax

SOURCE: Wharton County Tax Office

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2021				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	\$	32,712,204	6.06%		
JM Eagle		30,502,820	5.65%		
Buc-ee's		8,156,954	1.51%		
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP		7,200,000	1.33%		
Centerpoint Energy Houston		5,955,110	1.10%		
CSV SNF Texas LLC		4,900,000	0.91%		
Kansas City Southern Railway		4,707,320	0.87%		
Wal-Mart Property Tax Dept.		4,483,310	0.83%		
Reddy Prtnshp- Pkaire & Cypress WD		4,418,568	0.82%		
Reliq Gulf Coast LLC		4,342,556	0.80%		
	<u>\$</u>	107,378,842	<u>19.88%</u>		

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	\$ 27,888,680	6.76%		
J-M Manufacturing Company, Inc.	24,345,080	5.90%		
Signature Gulf Coast Hospital LP	16,606,094	4.03%		
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP	6,387,427	1.55%		
Wal-Mart Property Tax Dept	5,589,401	1.35%		
Wharton RP LTD	5,074,136	1.23%		

4,280,940

4,209,967

3,607,550

1.04%

1.02%

0.87%

2012

 HEB Food Store
 3,041,797
 0.74%

 \$ 101,031,072
 24.49%

SOURCE: Wharton County Central Appraisal District

Centerpoint Energy Houston

Buc-ee's

M-I LLC

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last ten fiscal years

		xes Levied for the					Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Original Levy)		Adjustments		Ad	Total ljusted Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2012	\$	2,011,601	\$	4,175	\$	2,015,776	\$	1,901,269	94.329			
2013		1,951,751		(29,214)		1,922,537		1,894,657	98.55%			
2014		1,943,203		(26,382)		1,916,821		1,869,799	97.559			
2015		1,937,738		(8,817)		1,928,921		1,867,997	96.849			
2016		1,965,060		(3,990)		1,961,070		1,869,850	95.35%			
2017		1,959,650		(35,715)		1,923,935		1,863,194	96.849			
2018		1,966,387		(19,050)		1,947,337		1,877,009	96.399			
2019		1,975,928		(8,023)		1,967,905		1,888,629	95.979			
2020		2,300,157		(15,909)		2,284,248		2,166,826	94.869			
2021		2,358,923		(42,768)		2,316,155		2,239,528	96.699			

Collections		Total Collections to Date							
in S	in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy					
\$	54,601	\$	1,955,870	97.03%					
	27,434		1,922,091	99.98%					
	31,840		1,901,639	99.21%					
	28,200		1,896,197	98.30%					
	91,185		1,961,035	99.99%					
	38,378		1,901,572	98.84%					
	30,220		1,907,229	97.94%					
	23,931		1,912,559	97.19%					
	19,615		2,186,441	95.72%					
	-		2,239,528	96.69%					

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

WATER PRODUCED AND CONSUMED AND WASTEWATER TREATED

Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Gallons of Water Produced	Gallons of Water Consumed	Gallons of Water Unbilled	Average Percent Unbilled	Gallons of Wastewater Treated
2012	517,636,000	414,037,000	103,599,000	20%	321,304,000
2013	522,205,000	395,144,500	127,060,500	24%	319,831,000
2014	503,413,000	360,895,800	142,517,200	28%	276,870,000
2015	509,232,000	364,982,000	144,250,000	28%	382,082,000
2016	527,944,000	390,678,560	137,265,440	26%	334,400,000
2017	503,059,000	375,067,000	127,992,000	25%	404,399,000
2018	482,441,000	426,041,500	56,399,500	12%	353,400,000
2019	523,885,000	455,779,950	68,105,050	13%	346,573,000
2020	455,896,000	321,936,600	133,959,400	29%	334,810,000
2021	485,797,000	337,965,300	147,831,700	30%	437,148,000

NOTES: Water and sewer usage rates shown are for 5,000 - 7,000 gallon usage range.

Full detail of rate information can be found on schedule titled "Water and Sewer Rates".

SOURCE: City of Wharton Utility Department

Total Direct Rate												
Wa	ater		Sewer									
 Base Rate	Usage Rate			Base Rate	Usage Rate							
\$ 12.97	\$	2.54	\$	13.94	\$	2.65						
13.62		2.67		14.64		2.78						
14.71		2.88		15.81		3.00						
15.16		2.97		16.29		3.09						
16.68		3.27		17.92		3.40						
18.35		3.48		19.71		3.06						
19.82		3.76		21.29		3.31						
21.41		4.06		23.00		3.58						
23.55		4.63		25.30		4.81						
25.91		5.09		27.83		5.29						

WATER AND SEWER RATES

Last ten fiscal years

		Fiscal Year										
	20	012		2013	2014			2015				
Water Rates (per 2,000 gallons)												
Base Rate	\$	12.97	\$	13.62	\$	14.71	\$	15.16				
Water usage rate												
2,000-4,000		2.45		2.57		2.78		2.87				
4,000-7,000		2.54		2.67		2.88		2.97				
7,000-11,000		2.65		2.78		3.00		3.09				
11,000-15,000		2.81		2.95		3.19		3.29				
15,000-50,000		2.98		3.13		3.38		3.49				
50,000-100,000		3.09		3.24		3.50		3.61				
100,000-150,000		3.31		3.48		3.76		3.88				
>150,000		3.53		3.71		4.00		4.12				
Sewer Rates (per 2,000 gallons)												
Base Rate		13.94		14.64		15.81		16.29				
Sewer usage rate												
2,000-4,000		2.15		2.26		2.44		2.52				
4,000-7,000		2.65		2.78		3.00		3.09				
7,000-11,000		2.92		3.07		3.32		3.42				
11,000-15,000		3.15		3.31		3.57		3.68				
15,000-50,000		3.41		3.58		3.87		3.99				
50,000-100,000		3.70		3.89		4.20		4.33				
100,000-150,000		3.92		4.12		4.45		4.59				
>150,000		4.20		4.41		4.76		4.91				

NOTES: Increases in water and sewer are approved by the City Council.

Sewer consumption rates for residential customers are based on the average of the last three-month period of December, January, and February that preceded the billing date.

Fiscal Year													
 2016		2017 2018			2019		2020	2021					
\$ 16.68	\$	18.35	\$	19.82	\$	21.41	\$	23.55	\$	25.91			
3.16		3.48		3.76		4.06		4.47		4.92			
3.27		3.60		3.89		4.21		4.63		5.09			
3.40		3.74		4.04		4.37		4.81		5.29			
3.62		3.98		4.30		4.65		5.12		5.63			
3.84		4.22		4.56		4.93		5.42		5.96			
3.98		4.38		4.73		5.11		5.62		6.18			
4.27		4.70		5.08		5.49		6.04		6.64			
4.54		4.99		5.39		5.83		6.41		7.05			
17.92		19.71		21.29		23.00		25.30		27.83			
2.78		3.06		3.31		3.58		3.93		4.32			
3.40		3.74		4.04		4.37		4.81		5.29			
3.77		4.15		4.49		4.85		5.34		5.87			
4.05		4.46		4.82		5.21		5.73		6.30			
4.39		4.83		5.22		5.64		6.20		6.93			
4.77		5.25		5.67		6.13		6.74		7.41			
5.05		5.56		6.01		6.49		7.14		7.85			
5.41		5.95		6.43		6.95		7.65		8.42			

TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS (UNAUDITED) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Customer	Type of Business	12-Month Water Consumption	Percent of Total Billed
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	Manufacturing	26,831,000	7.94%
Briar Pointe LTD	Apartment Complex	10,900,000	3.23%
JM Eagle	Manufacturing	7,460,000	2.21%
Oak Bend Medical	Hospital	6,616,000	1.96%
Colorado Bend Power Plant	Power Plant	6,026,000	1.78%
Buc-ee's	Retail	5,610,000	1.66%
Wharton Vahalla Nursing	Skilled Nursing Facility	4,424,000	1.31%
Wharton ISD	Education	4,176,000	1.24%
The Meadow Associate	Apartment Complex	4,152,000	1.23%
Interurban Millcreek	Apartment Complex	4,074,000	1.21%

2	Λ	1	2

Customer	Type of Business	12-Month Water Consumption	Percent of Total Billed
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	Manufacturing	30,280,300	7.31%
Briar Pointe LTD	Apartment Complex	18,710,800	4.52%
Millcreek Apartments	Apartment Complex	10,547,400	2.55%
Wharton ISD	Education	8,464,600	2.04%
Wharton County Junior College	Education	6,774,600	1.64%
JM Eagle	Manufacturing	5,999,400	1.45%
The Meadow Associate	Apartment Complex	5,684,700	1.37%
Buc-ee's	Retail	5,358,800	1.29%
Gulf Coast Medical Center	Hospital	5,265,700	1.27%
Soutwest LTC	Skilled Nursing Facility	5,098,400	1.23%

SOURCE: City of Wharton Utility Billing Department

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last ten fiscal years

	Governmental Activities												Business-type Activities		• •
Fiscal Year		ertificates of Obligation	General Tax Obligation Anticipation Bonds Notes		nticipation	ticipation Capital Conservation		Energy onservation	Plus: Issuance <u>Premiums</u>			Certificates of Obligation			
2012	\$	9,357,006	\$ 3	350,782	\$	515,000	\$ 182	2,580	\$	-	\$	109,879		\$	2,927,994
2013		9,190,181	2	240,782		345,000	124	1,739		-		102,639			2,744,819
2014		8,130,275	3,0	017,032		175,000		-		-		292,312			4,979,725
2015		7,863,400	2,8	848,632		-	78	3,945		447,945		271,636			4,726,600
2016		8,440,842	2,	555,482		-	60),200		421,767		285,714			6,274,158
2017		8,049,128	2,2	254,282		-	278	3,004		396,511		262,993			5,905,872
2018		7,654,976	1,9	949,682		737,800	213	3,704		370,873		240,273			5,525,024
2019		3,482,226	6,0	085,537	2	2,177,200		-		344,847		764,058			5,652,774
2020		3,311,838	5,4	479,137		1,853,200		-		318,426		692,007			5,373,162
2021		18,135,952	4,8	848,215	į	5,280,800		-		291,605		621,731			5,084,048

NOTE: Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the City will receive one-half of annual debt service up tp \$345,785 related to the Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation from the Wharton Economic Development Corporation as a result of the formation of an interlocal agreement. Total contribution will be \$9,573,477.

Business-type Activities								
General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Tax Anticipation Notes	Direct-Borrowing Capital Leases	Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds	Plus: Issuance Premiums	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per <u>Capita</u>
\$1,659,218	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,973	\$ -	\$ 98,874	\$15,234,306	4.9%	\$1,725
1,454,218	-	-	-	-	89,282	14,291,660	4.3%	1,618
1,832,968	-	-	-	-	211,266	18,638,578	5.3%	2,110
1,646,368	-	-	36,219	1,149,396	194,121	19,263,262	6.0%	2,225
1,434,518	-	-	27,621	1,081,322	270,559	20,852,183	6.2%	2,390
1,210,718	-	-	145,824	1,016,573	247,908	19,767,813	5.6%	2,250
975,318	-	347,200	112,917	950,843	225,257	19,303,867	5.4%	2,201
1,914,463	-	292,800	-	884,115	418,494	22,016,514	6.1%	2,511
1,580,863	-	236,800	-	816,378	380,829	20,042,640	5.1%	2,286
1,236,785	534,000	179,200	-	747,614	348,999	37,308,949	8.9%	4,325

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last ten fiscal years

		General Bonded Debt Outstanding						
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation	General Obligation Bonds	Qualified Energy Cons. Bonds	Plus: Issuance Premiums	Total			
2012	\$ 12,285,000	\$ 2,010,000	\$ -	\$ 208,753	\$ 14,503,753			
2013	11,935,000	1,695,000	-	191,921	13,821,921			
2014	13,110,000	4,850,000	-	503,578	18,463,578			
2015	12,590,000	4,495,000	1,597,341	465,757	17,550,757			
2016	14,715,000	3,990,000	1,503,089	556,273	20,764,362			
2017	13,955,000	3,465,000	1,413,084	510,901	19,343,985			
2018	13,180,000	2,925,000	1,321,716	465,530	17,892,246			
2019	9,135,000	8,000,000	1,228,962	1,182,552	19,546,514			
2020	8,685,000	7,060,000	1,134,804	1,072,836	17,952,640			
2021	23,220,000	6,085,000	1,039,219	970,730	31,314,949			

⁽¹⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

NOTE: Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the City will receive one-half of annual debt service up tp \$345,785 related to the Series 2021 Certificates of Obligation from the Wharton Economic Development Corporation as a result of the formation of an interlocal agreement. Total contribution will be \$9,573,477.

,	ess: Debt Service Monies ailable (1)	_	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	 Per Capita
\$	385,860	\$	14,117,893	3.42%	\$ 1,598
	398,223		13,423,698	3.07%	1,520
	380,457		18,083,121	4.11%	2,047
	418,933		17,131,824	3.82%	1,978
	426,192		20,338,170	4.57%	2,331
	440,904		18,903,081	4.07%	2,152
	383,852		17,508,394	3.63%	1,997
	516,697		19,029,817	4.00%	2,170
	614,579		17,338,061	3.34%	1,977
	464,033		31,384,916	5.81%	3,638

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (UNAUDITED)
September 30, 2021

	Gross De	Gross Debt Outstanding Date Amount		Amount Applicable to City
Direct Debt:				
City of Wharton	9/30/2021	\$ 29,178,303	100.00%	\$ 29,178,303
Overlapping Debt:				
Wharton County	9/30/2021	-	0.00%	-
Wharton Independent School District	9/30/2021	72,390,000	43.96%	31,822,644
Total Overlapping Debt		72,390,000		31,822,644
Total		\$ 101,568,303		\$ 61,000,947

NOTES:

There is no legal debt limit for the City. Texas municipalities are not bound by any direct constitutional or statutory maximums as to the amount of obligation bonds which may be issued; however, all local bonds must be submitted to and approved by the State Attorney General. It is the established practice of the Attorney General not to approve a prospective bond issue if it will result in a tax levy for general bonded debt of over \$1.00 for cities under 5,000 population, or \$1.50 for cities over 5,000 population.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each government's total taxable value.

SOURCE: Wharton County and Wharton Independent School District

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS
PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE
Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Direct Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Average Debt Service Requirements	Times Debt Coverage
2012	\$ 2,840,634	\$ 1,596,670	\$ 1,243,964	\$ 293,826	4.23
2013	3,000,550	1,758,675	1,241,875	207,228	5.99
2014	3,141,454	1,817,838	1,323,616	524,053	2.53
2015	3,220,308	1,812,956	1,407,352	613,876	2.29
2016	3,586,031	2,022,299	1,563,732	680,670	2.30
2017	3,742,790	2,184,950	1,557,840	862,816	1.81
2018	4,049,782	2,384,729	1,665,053	865,748	1.92
2019	4,127,466	2,271,061	1,856,405	835,796	2.22
2020	4,447,444	2,104,327	2,343,117	881,628	2.66
2021	5,115,634	2,751,617	2,364,017	879,166	2.69

NOTES: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

[&]quot;Gross Revenue" as used herein refers to all operating revenues and all interest income of the Water and Sewer Fund. "Direct Operating Expenses" is defined as all operating expenses of the Water and Sewer Fund (which does not include capital outlay or interest expense) less depreciation.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED)

Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	Personal Income	Per	(2) Capita al Income	(3) School Enrollment	(4) Unemployment Rate
2012	8,832	\$ 314,030,592	\$	35,556	2,137	6.3%
2013	8,832	333,408,000		37,750	2,130	6.2%
2014	8,832	352,873,728		39,954	2,205	5.9%
2015	8,659	318,857,056		36,824	2,208	4.2%
2016	8,726	334,118,540		38,290	2,212	5.0%
2017	8,785	350,073,465		39,849	2,201	4.9%
2018	8,769	355,451,415		40,535	2,080	4.5%
2019	8,769	363,676,737		41,473	1,998	3.7%
2020	8,769	396,542,949		45,221	1,998	7.0%
2021	8,627	417,408,768		48,384	1,907	4.9%

NOTE:

The unemployment rates are a twelve month average from October through September for Wharton County.

SOURCE: (1) Population based on U.S. Census Bureau

- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (for Wharton County)
- (3) Wharton Independent School District
- (4) U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor (for Wharton County)

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

202	21	
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Wharton ISD	358	1.76%
Wharton County	243	1.20%
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	219	1.08%
Wharton County Junior College	216	1.06%
Wharton County Foods	203	1.00%
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP	192	0.95%
J-M Manufacturing Company, Inc.	160	0.79%
HEB Food Store	150	0.74%
City of Wharton	134	0.66%
Buc-ee's	100	<u>0.49%</u>
	1,975	9.73%
201	12	
		Percentage
Employer	Employees	of Total City Employment
Wharton ISD	400	2.10%
South Texas Medical Center	350	1.84%
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP	260	1.36%
Wharton County	253	1.33%
Maxim Production Company	240	1.26%
Wharton County Junior College	236	1.24%
Gulf Coast Medical Center	235	1.23%
Nan Ya Plastics Corp. USA	205	1.08%
·		
HEB Food Store	130	0.68%

SOURCE: Wharton Economic Development Corporation

2,411

<u>12.66%</u>

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last ten fiscal years

		Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Function/Program							
General government							
City manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
City secretary	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Finance	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.5			
Municipal court	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5			
Central services	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8			
Public safety							
Police	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0			
Fire	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Code enforcement	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5			
Emergency management	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Animal control	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Communications	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0			
Public works							
Public works	10.5	10.2	9.0	9.0			
Garage	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Facilities maintenance	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0			
Water/wastewater							
City planning	-	_	-	1.3			
Administration	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Water operations	8.5	8.5	9.5	9.5			
Sewer operations	4.0	4.5	2.5	2.5			
Beautification	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
EMS	14.0	14.0	20.0	19.0			
Civic Center	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.8			
Airport	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5			
Total	98.0	100.0	104.3	104.9			

	Fiscal Year						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5		
2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
8.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		
25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0		
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0		
4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.5		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0		
9.5	9.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	10.5		
2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5		
4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0		
0.3	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5		
10.5	9.5	10.5	10.0	10.0	9.0		
2.5	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5	2.5		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
18.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0		
2.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8		
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		
104.3	105.6	108.1	109.6	111.1	110.1		

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Function/Program						
General government						
Building permits issued	351	706	415	666		
Building inspections conducted	1,286	1,663	1,318	861		
Public safety						
Police						
Physical arrests	1,281	1,399	1,112	1,347		
Traffic violations	2,494	3,295	4,677	6,701		
Fire						
Fire calls	530	559	549	551		
Public works						
Streets (miles)	97	97	97	97		
Culture and recreation						
Parks and recreation						
Park rental	25	40	62	29		
Community center rentals	221	217	245	267		
Swimming pool						
Single admissions	1,445	1,449	1,584	1,778		
Season passes	22	23	12	7		
Aerobics	40	20	24	26		
Swim lessons	45	54	45	52		
Party rentals	7	2	2	1		
Water and wastewater						
Water						
New connections/taps	2	4	5	10		
Average daily consumption	1.1mgd	1.3mgd	1.0mgd	1.1mgd		
Peak daily consumption	2.2mgd	2.3mgd	2.0mgd	2.1mgd		
Wastewater						
Average daily sewage treatment	.88 mgd	.88 mgd	.76 mgd	.87 mgd		
EMS						
Ambulance loads	3,364	3,253	3,326	3,770		

NOTES: Traffic violations and culture and recreation activity decreased in FY20 due to the effects of COVID-19.

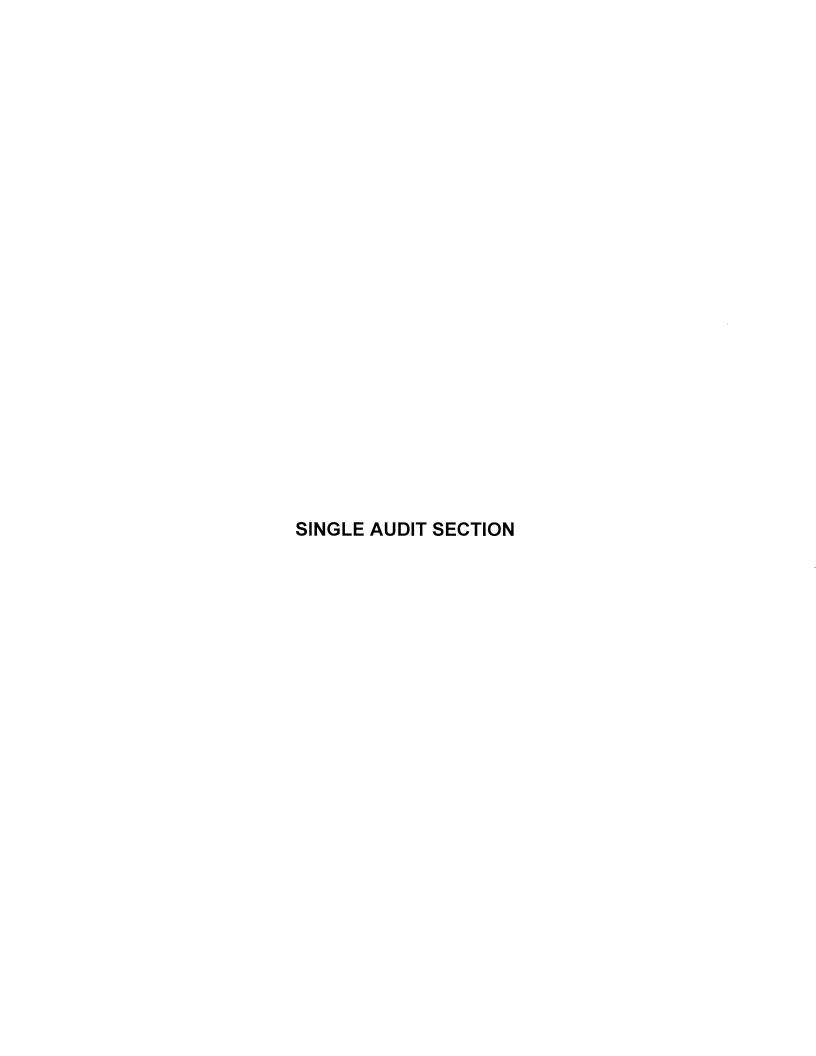
Culture and recreation activity increased in FY21 due to re-opening of facilities after COVID-19.

		Fiscal	Year		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
701 746	799 1,264	479 1,538	364 1,210	1,155 1,284	1,163 1,414
2,047 8,748	1,095 8,677	868 6,826	922 6,504	833 2,432	672 1,653
539	600	438	457	445	397
97	97	97	97	97	97
41 352	18 388	25 351	45 337	15 130	32 224
1,980 6 18 15 1	1,364 3 24 35 3	1,422 5 21 20 6	1,602 5 27 30 7	- - - -	2,313 8 64 - 7
8 1.0mgd 2.0mgd .91 mgd	- 1.6 mgd 1.7 mgd 1 mgd	- 1.2 mgd 1.6 mgd .97 mgd	1.1 mgd 1.49 mgd 1.02 mgd	12 1.2 mgd 1.41 mgd .92 mgd	8 1.2 mgd 1.57 mgd 1.20 mgd
3,545	3,490	3,248	3,244	3,211	3,410

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Function/Program						
Public safety						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1		
Patrol units	9	9	9	9		
Fire stations	1	1	1	1		
Highways and streets						
Streets (miles)	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0		
Streetlights	858	858	858	858		
Pedestrian crosswalks	8	8	8	8		
Culture and recreation						
Acreage	92	92	92	92		
Parks	11	11	11	11		
Baseball/softball diamonds	5	5	5	5		
Community centers	1	1	1	1		
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1		
Water and wastewater						
Water						
Water mains (miles)	80.5	80.5	80.5	80.5		
Fire hydrants	478	481	481	482		
Storage capacity	3.5mgd	3.5mgd	3.5mgd	3.5mgd		
Wastewater	-	_	_	_		
Sanitary sewers (miles)	84	84	84	84		
Storm sewers (miles)	15	15	15	15		
Treatment capacity	2.0mgd	2.0mgd	2.0mgd	2.0mgd		

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1	1	1	1	1	1
9	9	9	9	10	10
1	1	1	1	1	1
97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0
858	858	858	858	887	902
8	8	8	8	8	8
92	92	92	92	92	92
11	11	11	11	11	11
5	5	5	5	5	5
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
80.5	80.5	80.5	80.5	80.5	80.5
482	482	482	482	482	482
3.5mgd	3.5 mgd				
84	84	84	84	84	84
15	15	15	15	15	15
2.0mgd	2.0 mgd				



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wharton, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 9, 2022. The financial statements of the Wharton Economic Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

Harrison Waldrop & Uherek, UP

May 9, 2022

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Wharton, Texas (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wharton, Texas

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.

Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, UP

Certified Public Accountants

May 9, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture - Office of Rural Affairs Community Development Block Grant	14.228	7220499
Passed Through the Texas General Land Office Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228 14.228	19-076-050-B703 20-065-081-C234 20-065-005-C034
Passed Through the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	N/A
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
U. S. Department of Transportation Passed Through the Texas Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program	20.106	M2113WHRT
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	N/A
National Priority Safety Program Total for Highway Safety Cluster Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.616	N/A
U. S. Department of Agriculture Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.760	N/A
U. S. Department of Justice Passed Through the Office of the Governor Criminal Justice Division Crime Victim Assistance Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.575	VA20-PY21
U. S. Department of Treasury Passed Through the Texas Division of Emergency Management Coronavirus Relief Fund Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	COVID-19

	Expenditures				
From	From		Passed		
Pass-Through	Direct	T-4-1	through to	Name of Cluster	NI-4-
Awards	Awards	Total	Subrecipients	(if applicable)	Note
		.	•		
\$ 41,283	\$ -	\$ 41,283	\$ -		
431,480	-	431,480	-		
29,552	-	29,552	-		
30,480		30,480			
491,512		491,512			
246,203	_	246,203	_		
778,998		778,998			
45,121		45,121			
3,568	-	3,568		Highway Safety Cluster	
263		263	_	Highway Safety Cluster	
3,831		3,831			
48,952	-	48,952	_		
643,003	_	643,003			4
643,003	-	643,003	-		
59,357	_	59,357	_		
59,357		59,357			
184,007		184,007			
184,007	-	184,007			

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
U. S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through the Texas Division of Emergency Management Hazard Mitigation Grant Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039 97.039	DR-4332-0105 DR-4332-57

Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security

TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

	Expenditures				
From	From		Passed		
Pass-Through	Direct		through to	Name of Cluster	
Awards	Awards	Total	Subrecipients	(if applicable)	Note
\$ 44,774 162,910 207,684 207,684 \$ 1,922,001	\$ - - - - - - \$ -	\$ 44,774 162,910 207,684 207,684 \$ 1,922,001	\$ - 162,910 162,910 162,910 \$ 162,910		

(concluded)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the City, under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable; except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal and state grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES - CFDA 10.760

Expenditures reported on the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards that were incurred in a prior fiscal year total \$403,662.

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended September 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified					
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be 	☐ yes	⊠ no			
material weakness(es)?	☐ yes	□ none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ yes	⊠ no			
Federal Awards					
 Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	☐ yes	⊠ no			
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	□yes	□ none reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	or major programs: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	□ yes	⊠ no			
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s) Name of Major Programs or Cluster					
	10.760 Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities 97.039 Hazard Mitigation Grant				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	☐ yes	⊠ no			
Section II - Financial Statement Findings					
None noted					
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
None noted					

CITY OF WHARTON, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended September 30, 2021

None were reported.